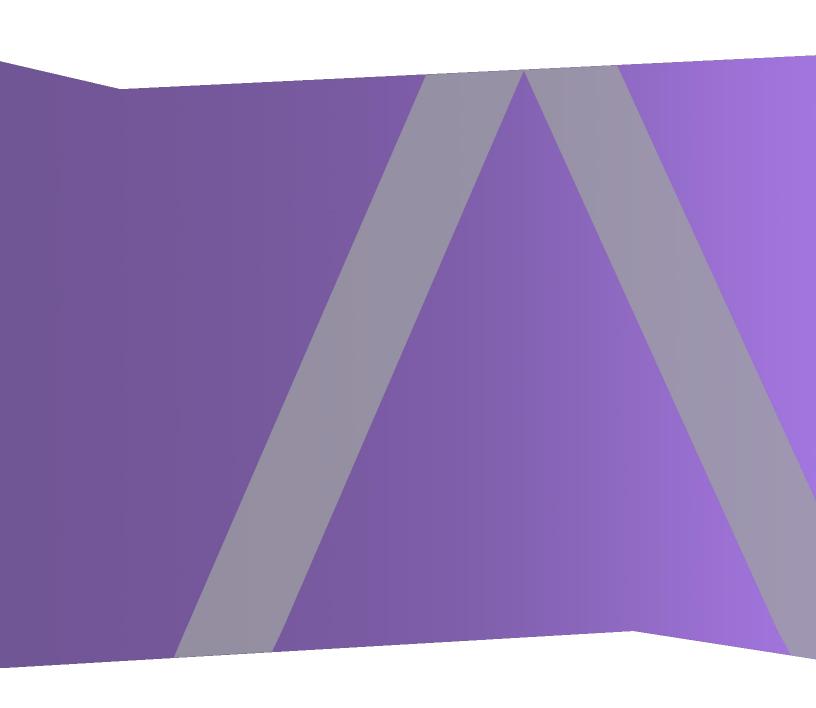


# Virtual Host Upgrade Guide

for Version 10.6.6 to 11.2



Copyright © 1994-2019 Dell Inc. or its subsidiaries. All Rights Reserved.

### **Contact Information**

RSA Link at https://community.rsa.com contains a knowledgebase that answers common questions and provides solutions to known problems, product documentation, community discussions, and case management.

#### **Trademarks**

For a list of RSA trademarks, go to www.emc.com/legal/emc-corporation-trademarks.htm#rsa.

## **License Agreement**

This software and the associated documentation are proprietary and confidential to Dell, are furnished under license, and may be used and copied only in accordance with the terms of such license and with the inclusion of the copyright notice below. This software and the documentation, and any copies thereof, may not be provided or otherwise made available to any other person.

No title to or ownership of the software or documentation or any intellectual property rights thereto is hereby transferred. Any unauthorized use or reproduction of this software and the documentation may be subject to civil and/or criminal liability.

This software is subject to change without notice and should not be construed as a commitment by Dell.

## **Third-Party Licenses**

This product may include software developed by parties other than RSA. The text of the license agreements applicable to third-party software in this product may be viewed on the product documentation page on RSA Link. By using this product, a user of this product agrees to be fully bound by terms of the license agreements.

## **Note on Encryption Technologies**

This product may contain encryption technology. Many countries prohibit or restrict the use, import, or export of encryption technologies, and current use, import, and export regulations should be followed when using, importing or exporting this product.

#### **Distribution**

Dell believes the information in this publication is accurate as of its publication date. The information is subject to change without notice.

June 2019

## **Contents**

Introduction	7
CentOS6 to CentOS7 Upgrade	7
RSA NetWitness® Platform 11.2 Upgrade Path	8
Supported Host Upgrade Path	8
Hardware, Deployments, Services, and Features Not Supported in 11.2	8
Event Stream Analysis (ESA) Upgrade Considerations	9
Upgrade Phases	9
Phase 1	9
Phase 2	10
Investigate in Mixed Mode	11
Virtual Host Upgrade Workflow	13
Contact Customer Support	13
Upgrade Preparation Tasks	14
Global	14
Task 1 - Review Core Ports and Open Firewall Ports	14
Task 2 - Record Your 10.6.6.x admin user Password	15
Task 3 - Create a Backup of /etc/fstab File	15
Task 4 - Make Sure Password Strength Settings Check Boxes Are Set in 10.6.6.x	16
Respond	17
Task 5 - Check Aggregation Rules Match Conditions for "Domain" or "Domain for Suspected C&C"	
Task 6 - Set Data Retention Run Interval to ≥ 24 Hours	18
Reporting Engine	19
(Conditional) Task 7 - Unlink External Storage	19
Backup Instructions	20
Task 1 - Set up an External Host for Backing up Files	21
Task 2 - Create a List of Hosts to Back up	23
Troubleshooting Information	24
Task 3 - Set up Authentication Between Backup and Target Hosts	26
Task 4 - Check for Backup Requirements for Specific Types of Hosts	26
For All Host Types	26
For ESA Hosts with Mongo Databases	27
For Decoder, Concentrator, or Broker Hosts: Stop Data Capture and Aggregation	27
Log Collectors (LC) and Virtual Log Collectors (VLCs): Run prepare-for-migrate.sh	27
For Integrations with Web Threat Detection, Archer Cyber Incident & Breach Response or NetWitness Endpoint - List RabbitMQ Usernames and Passwords	28

For Bluecoat Event Sources	29
Task 5 - Check for Adequate Space for the Backup	29
Task 6 - Back up Your Host Systems	30
Post Backup Tasks	33
Task 1 - Save a Copy of the all-systems File and the Backup Tar files	33
Task 2 - Ensure Required Backup Files Were Generated	33
Task 3 - (Conditional) For Multiple ESA Hosts, Copy mongodb tar files to Primary ESA Host	34
Task 4 - Ensure All Required Backup Files are on Each Host	34
Migrate Disk Drives from 10.6.6.x to 11.2	37
Task 1 - Back Up Data in 10.6.6.x VMs	37
Task 2 - Deploy Same 10.6.6.x VM Stack in 11.2	38
Task 3 - Copy VMDK Files and Add Them as Hard Disk to New VMs	38
Task 4 - Retain MAC Address of Upgraded SA Server VM	45
Task 5 - Restore Backup Data in 10.6.6.x to 11.2 VMs	48
Set Up Virtual Hosts in 11.2	52
Phase 1 - Set Up NW Server, Event Stream Analysis, Malware Analysis, and Broker or Concentrate	
Hosts	
Task 1 - Set Up 11.2 NetWitness Server	
Task 2 - Set Up 11.2 ESA	
Task 3 - Set Up 11.2 Malware Analysis	
Task 4 - Set Up 11.2 Broker or Concentrator	
Phase 2 - Set Up The Rest of the Component Hosts	
Decoder and Concentrator Hosts	
Log Decoder Host	
Virtual Log Collector Host	
Set Up 11.2 NW Server Host	
Set Up 11.2 Non-NW Server Host	
Update or Install Legacy Windows Collection	
Post Upgrade Tasks	
General	
Task 1 - Make Sure Port 15671 Is Configured Correctly	
(Conditional) Task 2 - Restore Custom Analysts Roles	
NW Server	
Task 3 - Migrate Active Directory (AD)	
Task 4 - Modify Migrated AD Configuration to Upload Certificate	
Task 5 - Reconfigure Pluggable Authentication Module (PAM) in 11.2	
Task 6 - Restore NTP Servers	
Task 7 - Restore Licenses for Environments without FlexNet Operations-On Demand Access .	
Task 8 - Remap Virtual NW Server License to 10.6.6.x MAC Address	
(Conditional) Task 9 - If You Disabled Standard Firewall Config - Add Custom IPtables	69

(Conditional) Task 10 - Specify SSL Ports If You Never Set Up Trusted Connections	70
Task 11 - (Conditional) Correct Audit Log Templates That Are Not Updated in Logstash Outpu Conf File	t 71
RSA NetWitness® Endpoint	71
Task 12 - Reconfigure Endpoint Alerts Via Message Bus	71
Task 13 - Reconfigure Recurring Feed Configured from Legacy Endpoint Because Java Version Changed	
RSA NetWitness® Endpoint Insights	72
(Optional) Task 14 - Install Endpoint Hybrid or Endpoint Log Hybrid	72
Event Stream Analysis Tasks (ESA)	72
Task 15 - Reconfigure Automated Threat Detection for ESA	72
Task 16 - For Integrations with Web Threat Detection, Archer Cyber Incident & Breach Responsor NetWitness Endpoint Configure Mutually Authenticated SSL	se 73
Task 17 - Enable Threat - Malware Indicators Dashboard	73
Investigate	73
Task 18 - Make Sure Customized User Roles Have Investigate-server Permissions for Event Analysis Access	
Log Collection	74
Task 19 - Reset Stable System Values for Log Collector after Upgrade	74
(Optional for Upgrades from 10.6.6.x with FIPS enabled for Log Collectors, Log Decoders and Network Decoders)Task 20 - Enable FIPS Mode	75
Decoder and Log Decoder	75
(Conditional) Task 21 - Enable Metadata for GeoIP2 Parser	
Reporting Engine	75
Task 22 - Restore the CA certificates for External Syslog Servers for Reporting Engine	75
(Conditional) Task 23 - Restore External Storage for Reporting Engine	76
Respond	76
Task 24 - Restore Respond Service Custom Keys	76
Task 25 - Restore Customized Respond Service Normalization Scripts	77
Task 26 - Add Respond Notification Settings for Custom Roles	
Task 27 - Manually Configure Respond Notification Settings	77
Task 28 - Update Default Incident Rule Group By Values	79
Task 29 - Add Group By Field to Incident Rules	79
Task 30 - Update Incident Rules Identified in the Domain in the Matching Conditions Upgrade Preparation Task	
RSA Archer® Cyber Incident & Breach Response	82
Task 31 - Reconfigure Archer® Cyber Incident & Breach Response Integration	82
User and Entity Behavior Analytics (UEBA)	82
(Optional) Task 32 - Install UEBA	82
Backup	82
Task 33 - Remove Backun-Related Files from Host Local Directories	82

Appendix A. Troubleshooting	84
Command Line Interface (CLI)	85
Backup (nw-backup script)	86
Event Stream Analysis	88
Log Collector Service (nwlogcollector)	89
NW Server	91
Orchestration	91
Reporting Engine Service	92
NetWitness UEBA	93
Appendix B. Stopping and Restarting Data Capture and Aggregation	94
Stop Data Capture and Aggregation	94
Start Data Capture and Aggregation	96
Appendix C. Using iDRAC	97
Configure NFS Server - NFS Server config File	97
Boot iDRAC to NFS Configuration	98
Appendix D. Create External Repository	99
Revision History	

## Introduction

The instructions in this guide apply to the upgrade of virtual hosts to RSA NetWitness Platform11.2 exclusively. See the RSA NetWitness Platform Physical Host Upgrade Guide for instructions on how to upgrade your 10.6.6.x physical hosts to 11.2. Go to the Master Table of Contents to find all NetWitness Platform Logs & Network 11.x documents.

NetWitness Platform 11.2 is a major release that affects all products in the NetWitness Platform. The components of the platform are the NetWitness Server (Admin server, Config server, Integration server, Investigate server, Orchestration server, Respond server, Security sever, and Source server), Archiver, Broker, Concentrator, Context Hub, Decoder, Endpoint Hybrid, Endpoint Log Hybrid, ESA Primary, ESA Secondary, Log Collector, Log Decoder, Malware Analysis, Reporting Engine, UEBA, Warehouse Connector, and Workbench.

Refer to the *NetWitness Platform Getting Started Guide* to become familiar with the major changes to the 11.x User interface. Refer to the *NetWitness Platform Deployment Guide* to become familiar with the major platform changes in 11.x.

Go to the Master Table of Contents to find all NetWitness Platform Logs & Network 11.x documents.

**Note:** The Reporting Engine is installed on the NW Server host, Workbench is installed on the Archiver host, and Warehouse Connector can be installed on the Decoder host or Log Decoder host.

## **CentOS6 to CentOS7 Upgrade**

NetWitness Platform 11.2 is a major release that involves upgrading to a newer version of the operating system (CentOS6 to CentOS7). In addition, the 11.2 platform environment has been improved greatly to accommodate current and future physical and virtual deployment types. These changes require an upgrade to the new environment and an upgrade of the functionality.

## **RSA NetWitness® Platform 11.2 Upgrade Path**

The earliest supported upgrade path for RSA NetWitness® Platform 11.2 is Security Analytics 10.6.6.x. If you are running a version of NetWitness Platform that is prior to 10.6.6.x, you must update to 10.6.6.x before you can upgrade to 11.2. See the RSA Security Analytics 10.6.6 Update Guide (https://community.rsa.com/docs/DOC-85119) on RSA Link.

## **Supported Host Upgrade Path**

You must upgrade a host to the same host type:

- Same Series RSA Physical Appliance to Same Series RSA Physical Appliance (that is, Series 4 to Series 4, Series 5 to Series 5).
   RSA does not support third-party physical hosts in 11.2.
- On-Prem Virtual to On-Prem Virtual

**Caution:** The 11.2 upgrade does not support mixed-platform upgrades (for example, it does not support physical to virtual).

## Hardware, Deployments, Services, and Features Not Supported in 11.2

RSA does not support upgrade of the following hardware, deployments, services, and features to 11.2.

- RSA All-in-One (AIO) Appliance
- Multiple NetWitness Server Deployment
- IPDB service
- Malware Analysis service co-located on the SA Server (upgrade of Malware Analysis Enterprise is supported in 11.2.)
- Standalone Warehouse Connector service (Upgrade of a co-located Warehouse Connector is supported in 11.2.)
- Custom Health & Wellness policy in 10.6.x for the Context Hub Service After you upgrade to NetWitness 11.2, your custom policy is not present. In its place, there is the out-of-the-box Context Hub Server Monitoring Policy in the user interface, which is specific for version 11.2.
- Defense Information Strategic Agency-Security Technical Information Guide (DISA-STIG) hardened deployments.
- Warehouse Analytics (Data Science)

## **Event Stream Analysis (ESA) Upgrade Considerations**

In RSA NetWitness® Platform 11.2, RSA changed how ESA Correlation Rules store and transmit the alerts the system generates. In 11.2, ESA sends all alerts to a central Alert system. The local MongoDB storage in ESA 10.6.6.x has been removed.

**Caution:** If you do not use Incident Management in 10.6.6.x, carefully consider whether or not to upgrade to version 11.2.

The following guidelines should help you determine whether or not to upgrade your ESA hosts to 11.2. In your 10.6.6.x deployment, if you have:

- One ESA host, with or without Incident Management configured: Upgrade to 11.2.
- Multiple ESA hosts configured to use Incident Management: The system will continue to aggregate alerts centrally. If the system is correctly sized and operating as intended in 10.6.6.x, you can upgrade to version 11.2.
- Multiple ESA hosts without configuration to use Incident Management and you are connecting to individual ESA hosts to view alerts: Do not upgrade to version 11.2.

**Note:** If you did not use Incident Management in 10.6.6.x, you cannot view the 10.6.6.x ESA alerts in the 11.2 Respond component without running a migration script. Use the ESA Alert Migration script to migrate these alerts to the location in 11.2 that will allow Respond to view them. See the *ESA Alert Migration Instructions* knowledge base article (https://community.rsa.com/docs/DOC-84102) in RSA Link for instructions on how to run this script.

## **Upgrade Phases**

RSA recommends that you stagger host upgrades as described in this section. The update to CentOS7 and the need of a physical or iDRAC access cause the 11.2 upgrade to take more time than most upgrades.

Caution: If you stagger the upgrade, you:

- Must upgrade the hosts in Phase 1 first, in the order shown.
- May not have all the features operational until you update your entire deployment.
- Will not have service administrative features available until you upgrade all the hosts in your deployment.

#### Phase 1

You perform Phase 1 first. You must upgrade the hosts in the following order:

- 1. Security Analytics Server host
- 2. Event Stream Analysis hosts
- 3. Malware Analysis hosts

4. Broker hosts (if you do not have a Broker, upgrade your Concentrator hosts)
The 11.2 NW Server cannot communicate with 10.6.6.x core services for the new Investigate functionality. This is why you must upgrade the Broker or Concentrator hosts in Phase 1.

#### Phase 2

Upgrade the rest of your hosts.

RSA recommends that you follow the order in Phase 2 to reduce:

- Functionality loss during investigation.
- Downtime that results in the loss of network and log capture.

**Note:** Other than Log Collection hosts with downstream event destinations, there is no technical reason to upgrade your hosts in the order shown in Phase 2.

This is the Phase 2 host upgrade order recommended by RSA.

- 1. Decoder hosts
- 2. Concentrator hosts
- 3. Archiver hosts
- 4. Log Collection hosts Log Collectors on Log Decoder hosts (LDs), Virtual Log Collectors (VLCs) and Legacy Windows Collectors (LWCs)

Before you upgrade a log collection host, you must prepare it for the upgrade. Part of this preparation ensures that no event data remains in the queues. This requires you to keep the downstream destinations of event data (Log Collectors, Virtual Log Collectors and Log Decoders) up and functioning properly.

If you have event data destinations downstream from the Log Decoder, you must prepare and upgrade Log Collectors in the following order.

- a. LDs (one LD at a time)
- b. VLCs and LWCs

If you do not have event data destinations downstream from the Log Decoder, you can prepare and upgrade multiple LDs, VLCs, and LWCs together.

5. All other hosts

See "Running in Mixed Mode" under "The Basics" in the RSA NetWitness Platform Hosts and Services Getting Started Guide for:

- Functionality gaps encountered while running in this mode.
- Examples of staggered upgrades.

Go to the Master Table of Contents to find all NetWitness Platform Logs & Network 11.x documents.

## **Investigate in Mixed Mode**

Mixed mode occurs when some services are upgraded to 11.2 and some are still on 11.0.0.x or 10.6.6.x This happens when you upgrade to 11.2 in phases.

**Note:** You must follow the host upgrade sequence as shown in **Upgrade Phases** to ensure complete Investigate functionality. The 11.2 Investigate server is installed when you upgrade the SA Server, but Broker hosts need to be upgraded to 11.2 to access the Event Analysis view. If the Broker is not upgraded, analysts see a warning icon next to the Broker, and no data aggregated to that Broker can be displayed.

After you upgrade all services to 11.2, when an analyst conducts an investigation, Role-Based Access Control (RBAC) of downloads works consistently to limit access to restricted data.

In mixed mode (that is, some services are upgraded to 11.2 and some are still at 11.0.0.x or 10.6.6.x), when an analyst conducts an investigation, RBAC is not applied uniformly to viewing and downloads.

If the sdk.packets setting has not been disabled on the 10.6.6.x or 11.0.0.x services, analysts with SDK meta and roles permissions in place to restrict viewing and reconstructing an event's content can download the PCAP of an event that has content restrictions. Other types of downloads appear to be successful, then generate errors due to insufficient permissions, and the data is still protected.

During a phased update, you can disable the sdk.packets setting on 10.6.6.x and 11.0.x.x services to limit the analyst from downloading any PCAPs or logs during mixed mode. After you update all services to 11.2 and re-enable sdk.packets, RBAC works consistently across all services.

The following table identifies what you can see and download in Investigate when your NW Server at version 11.2 is connected to services at a lower version.

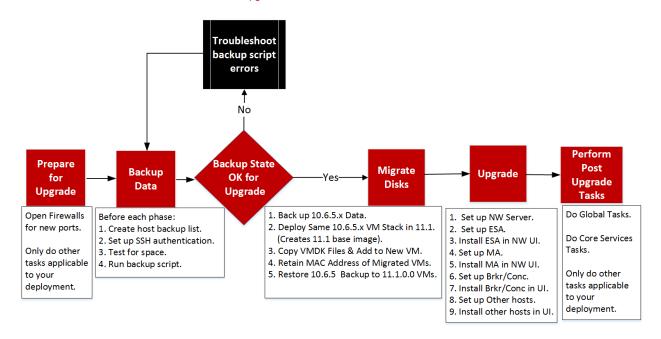
Connecting Service Version	Affected View	User Role With Restricted Content	Can See	Can Download Restricted Content Successfully	Can Download Restricted Content with Errors
11.2 Broker -> 10.6.6.x Concentrator -> 10.6.6.x Network Decoder/Log Decoder	Events View	Analyst	RBAC permitted items	PCAP	File archive is downloaded but cannot unzip
	Event Reconstruction View	Analyst	RBAC permitted items	PCAP	File archive is downloaded but cannot unzip
	Event Analysis View	Analyst	RBAC permitted items	PCAP	Error Retrieving Payload from Service for Payload, Request Payload, Response Payload

Connecting Service Version	Affected View	User Role With Restricted Content	Can See	Can Download Restricted Content Successfully	Can Download Restricted Content with Errors
11.2 Broker -> 11.2 Concentrator ->11.2 Decoder/Log Decoder	Event Reconstruction View	Analyst and Data Privacy Officer	RBAC permitted items	PCAP	Files archive is downloaded but cannot unzip PCAPs and logs are downloaded as zero bytes
11.2 Broker -> 11.0.0.x Concentrator -> 11.0.0.x Network Decoder/Log Decoder	Events View	Analyst	RBAC permitted items	None	Files archive is downloaded but cannot unzip PCAPs and logs are downloaded as zero bytes
	Event Reconstruction View	Analyst	RBAC permitted items	None	File archive is downloaded but cannot unzip PCAPs and logs are downloaded as zero bytes
	Event Analysis View	Analyst	RBAC permitted items	None	Error Retrieving Payload from Service for Payload, Request Payload, Response Payload PCAPs and logs are downloaded as zero bytes

## **Virtual Host Upgrade Workflow**

The following diagram illustrates the RSA NetWitness® Platform 11.2 Virtual Host upgrade workflow.

RSA Netwiness NetWitness Platform® 11.2 VM Upgrade Workflow Phase 1 – Upgrade SA Server, ESA, and Malware Phase 2 – Upgrade All Other Hosts



## **Contact Customer Support**

Refer to the Contact RSA Customer Support page (https://community.rsa.com/docs/DOC-1294) in RSA Link for instructions on how to get help on RSA NetWitness Platform 11.2.

## **Upgrade Preparation Tasks**

Complete the following tasks to prepare for the upgrade to NetWitness Platform 11.2. These tasks are organized by the following categories.

- Global
- Respond
- Reporting Engine

### Global

You must complete these tasks regardless of how you deploy NetWitness Platform and which components you use.

## Task 1 - Review Core Ports and Open Firewall Ports

The following tables list new ports in 11.2.

**Caution:** Make sure that the new ports are implemented and tested before upgrading so that upgrade does not fail due to missing ports.

#### **NW Server Host**

Source Host	Destination Host	Destination Ports	Comments
NW Hosts	NW Server	TCP 4505, 4506	Salt Master Ports
NW Hosts	NW Server	TCP 27017	MongoDB
Admin Workstation	NW Server	TCP 15671	RabbitMQ Management UI
NW Hosts	NW Server	TCP 15671	RabbitMQ Management UI

#### **ESA Host**

Source Host	Destination Host	Destination Ports	Comments
NW Server, NW Endpoint, ESA Secondary	ESA Primary	TCP 27017	MongoDB

### **Endpoint Hybrid or Endpoint Log Hybrid**

Source Host	Destination Host	Destination Ports	Comments
Endpoint Hybrid or Endpoint Log Hybrid	NW Server	TCP 5672	Message Bus
Endpoint Server	NW Server	TCP 27017	MongoDB

All NetWitness Platform core ports are listed in the "Network Architecture and Ports" topic in the RSA NetWitness® PlatformDeployment Guide in case you need to reconfigure NetWitness Platform services and firewalls. Go to the Master Table of Contents to find all NetWitness Platform Logs & Network 11.x documents.

## Task 2 - Record Your 10.6.6.x admin user Password

Record your 10.6.6.x admin user password. You will need it to complete the upgrade.

## Task 3 - Create a Backup of /etc/fstab File

Copy the /etc/fstab file from all VMs to your local machine (backup host or remote machine).

**Note:** You need this file to restore a VM with external storage mounts.

## Task 4 - Make Sure Password Strength Settings Check Boxes Are Set in 10.6.6.x

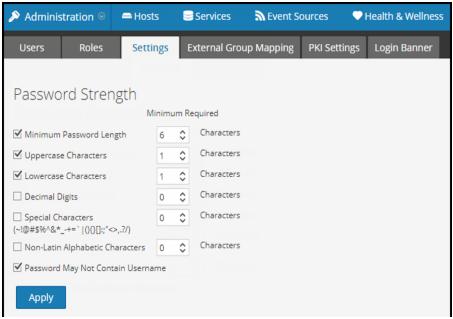
**Note:** You can skip this task if you do not want to migrate the password strength setting to 11.2.

The check box to the left of the **Password Strength Settings** in the **Administration** > **Security** > **Settings** tab must be set in 10.6.6.x or these settings will not be migrated to 11.2.

Complete the following task to make sure that the Password Strength Settings check boxes are set in 10.6.6.x.

- 1. In Security Analytics 10.6.6.x, go to the **Administration** > **Security** > **Settings** tab.
- 2. Make sure that the required check boxes to the left of the **Password Strength Settings** are set and click **Apply**.

The following example shows the required check boxes as set (required in 10.6.6.x before upgrading to 11.2).



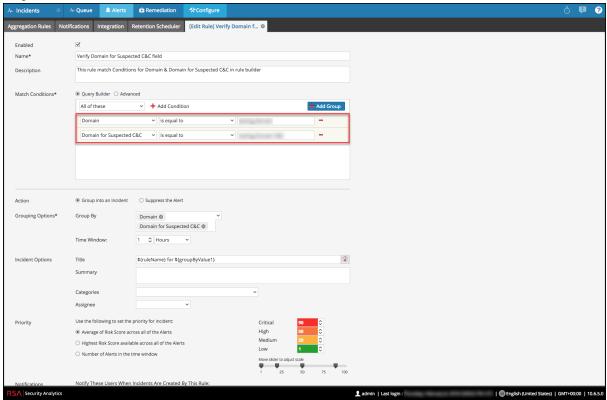
## Respond

# Task 5 - Check Aggregation Rules Match Conditions for "Domain" or "Domain for Suspected C&C"

Make a note of any Incident Management aggregation rules that have match conditions using Domain or Domain for Suspected C&C in the drop-down list in the rule builder. In NetWitness Platform 11.2, you will need to add back these conditions after you after you upgrade to 11.2 as described in the Respond Post Update Tasks.

Check the following for each aggregation rule:

- 1. In Security Analytics 10.6.6.x, go to **Incidents** > **Configure** > **Aggregation Rules** tab and edit the rules to view the matching conditions.
- 2. In the **Match Conditions** section, look for **Domain** or **Domain for Suspected C&C** listed in the drop-down lists for the conditions.



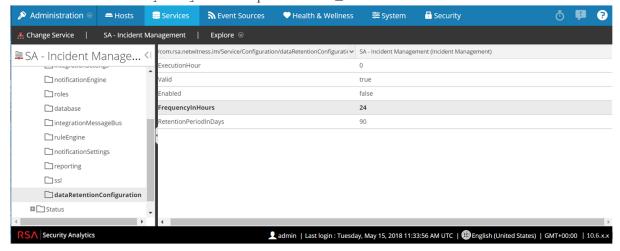
3. Make a note of the rule name and the entire condition that uses **Domain** or **Domain for Suspected C&C**, including operators and values.

#### Task 6 - Set Data Retention Run Interval to ≥ 24 Hours

In Security Analytics 10.6.x, the Data Retention run interval does not have any minimum value check. In 11.2, RSA added a validation check to make sure that it is run at least every 24 hours. When you upgrade to 11.2, if this value is less than 24 hour, the Respond service will not start.

Complete the following task to ensure that the Respond service starts after upgrading to 11.2.

- 1. In Security Analytics 10.6.6.x, go to **ADMIN** > **Services**.
- 2. Select the **Incident Management** service, and then select > View > Explore.
- 3. In the Incident Management Explore view, go to Service > Configuration > dataRetentionConfiguration.
- 4. Make sure that the FrequencyInHours parameter is  $\geq 24$ .



## **Reporting Engine**

## (Conditional) Task 7 - Unlink External Storage

If the Reporting Engine has external storage [such as Storage Area Network (SAN) or Network Attached Storage (NAS) for storing reports] you must perform the follow steps to unlink the storage.

### In these steps:

- /home/rsasoc/rsa/soc/reporting-engine/ is the Reporting Engine home directory.
- /externalStorage/ is where the external storage is mounted.
- 1. SSH to the Reporting Engine host and log in with your root credentials.
- 2. Stop the Reporting Engine service.

```
stop rsasoc re
```

3. Switch to rsasoc user.

```
su rsasoc
```

4. Change to the Reporting Engine the home directory. cd /home/rsasoc/rsa/soc/reporting-engine/

5. Unlink the resultstore directory mounted to external storage. unlink /externalStorage/resultstore

6. Unlink the formattedReports directory mounted to external storage. unlink /externalStorage/formattedReports

## **Backup Instructions**

Backing up your configuration data for all your hosts from 10.6.6.x is the first step in upgrading from Security Analytics 10.6.6.x releases to NetWitness Platform 11.2.

Note: 1.) It is important that you place Custom Certificate files and any other certificate authority (CA) files in the /root/customcerts folder to ensure that these certificate files are backed up. Your custom certificate files that are placed in this directory will be automatically restored during the upgrade process. After upgrading to 11.2, your custom certificate files will be located in /etc/pki/nw/trust/import. For more information about backing up these types of files, see step 1 in For All Host Types. 2.) Disable your Public Key Infrastructure (PKI) settings before starting the backup.

Caution: These services are not supported in the 10.6.6.x backup and upgrade process.

- IPDB
- All in One servers
- Malware Analysis Co-Located on the Security Analytics Server
- Standalone Warehouse Connector
- Warehouse Analytics (Datascience)

The following types of hosts can be backed up and are automatically restored during the upgrade process:

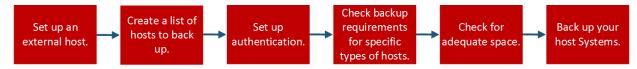
- Security Analytics Admin Server
- Standalone Malware Analysis
- Archiver
- Broker
- Event Stream Analysis (including Context Hub and Incident Management database)
- Concentrator
- Log Decoder (including Local Log Collector and Warehouse Connector, if installed)
- Log Hybrid
- Network Decoder (including Warehouse Connector, if installed)
- Network Hybrid
- Virtual Log Collector

The following types of files are automatically backed up but must be restored manually after the upgrade process:

- PAM configuration files: For information about restoring the PAM configuration files, refer to "Task 5
   Reconfigure Plugable Authentication Module (PAM) in 11.2.", in the "Global" section of the *Post Upgrade Tasks*.
- /etc/pfring/mtu.conf and /etc/init.d/pf\_ring: To restore these files you must manually retrieve them. The /etc/pfring/mtu.conf files will be located in /var/netwitness/database/nw-backup/restore/etc/pfring/mtu.conf, and the /etc/init.d/pf ring files will be located in /var/netwitness/database/nw-

backup/restore/etc/init.d/pf\_ring. For information about how to restore these files, see " (Conditional) Task 2 - Restore Files for 10G Decoder" in the "Hardware Related Tasks" section of *Post Upgrade Tasks*.

The following diagram shows the high-level task flow of the steps you perform to back up your hosts.



The following sections describe each of these tasks:

- Task 1 Set up an External Host for Backing up Files
- Task 2 Create a List of Hosts to Back up
- Task 3 Set up Authentication Between Backup and Target Hosts
- Task 4 Check for Backup Requirements for Specific Types of Hosts
- Task 5 Check for Adequate Space for the Backup
- Task 6 Back up Your Host Systems
- Post Backup Tasks

## Task 1 - Set up an External Host for Backing up Files

You must set up an external host to use for backing up files. The host must be running CentOS 6 with connectivity through SSH to the Security Analytics stack of hosts.

**Note:** If you are not able to use an external host for backing up files, contact RSA Customer Support (https://community.rsa.com/docs/DOC-1294) for assistance.

Ensure that the host names for the systems to be backed up are resolvable on the backup host machine, either by DNS or listed in the /etc/hosts file.

**Note:** These scripts are designed to run on CentOS 6 only. You must execute these scripts on CentOS 6 machines.

There are several scripts that you run during the backup process. You must download the zip file that contains the scripts (nw-backup-v4.1.zip or later) from RSA Link at this location: https://community.rsa.com/docs/DOC-81514 and copy it over to your CentOS 6 backup system. Extract the zip file to access the scripts. The scripts are:

• get-all-systems.sh: Creates the all-systems file, which contains a list of all your Security Analytics Servers and host systems to be backed up.

Caution: When performing a mixed-mode upgrade, retain a master copy of the all-systems file upgrade until all the hosts in your deployment are upgraded to 11.2. You cannot run the <code>get-all-systems.sh</code> a second time because the NW Server, the first host that must be upgraded in mixed mode, will have CentOS7 as an operating system.

- ssh-propagate.sh: Automates sharing keys between the systems you are backing up and the backup host system so that you are not prompted for passwords multiple times.
- nw-backup.sh: Performs the backup of your hosts.
- azure-mac-retention.ps1: Applies only if you are using AZURE. See the *AZURE Deployment Guide* on for more information. Go to the Master Table of Contents to find all NetWitness Platform Logs & Network 11.x documents.

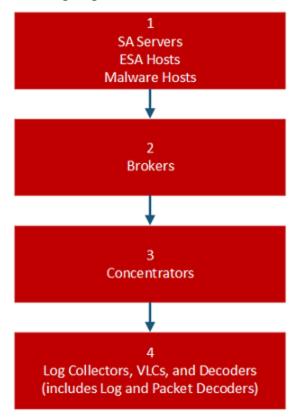
**Note:** If you have used the 10.6.x versions of the backup and restore scripts on your 10.6.6 hosts, you must still run all the scripts listed here.

**Note:** Do NOT use the scripts in the nw-backup-v4.1.zip file for regular backups. These scripts are specifically designed for upgrading from 10.6.6.x to 11.2.

**Note:** The backup scripts do not support backing up data for STIG-hardened hosts.

## Task 2 - Create a List of Hosts to Back up

The script that you use to back up your files depends on the all-systems and all-systems-master-copy files, which contain a list of the hosts that you want to back up. The all-systems-master-copy file contains a list of all your hosts. The all-systems file is used for each backup session, and contains only those hosts which are being backed up for a particular session. You run the get-all-systems.sh script to generate these files. RSA recommends that you back up your hosts in groups, and not all at once. The recommended order and grouping of hosts for backup sessions is shown in the following diagram:



Limit each backup session to five hosts to ensure that you do not run out of space for the backup files. You create all-systems files for your backup sessions by using the all-systems-master-copy file as a reference and then manually editing the all-systems file to contain specific hosts.

#### To generate the all-systems and the all-systems-master-copy files:

- 1. From the host on which you are running the backup process, make the get-all-systems.sh script executable by running the following command: chmod u+x get-all-systems.sh
- 2. At the root level, run the get-all-systems.sh script: ./get-all-systems.sh <IP-Address-of-SA-Admin-Server> You will be prompted for the password for each host system once per host. This script saves the all-systems file and the all-systems-master-copy file to /var/netwitness/database/nw-backup/.

- 3. Validate that the all-systems and all-systems-master-copy files were generated and that they contain the right hosts.
- 4. Edit the all-systems file to contain only the systems you are backing up. You can do this by using the all-systems-master-copy file as a reference, and then opening the all-systems file in an editor (such as vi) and modifying it to include only the systems you want to back up. RSA recommends that you comment out the hosts that you do not want to back up (add the number sign (#) to the beginning of the line that contains the host that will not be backed up).

  The following examples shows how to comment out the 10.6.6 Security Analytics Server: loghybrid, loghyb, 172.16.0.1, 45fe9del-la82-49d7-9bbl-7ac5fald18d8, 10.6.6.0

  #nwserver,nwserv106,172.31.255.23,67a9a0eb-1300-4fba-838f-7be4d8cf5e65,10.6.6.0

**Note:** If you use vi, be sure to include the path to the location of the all-systems file.

Here is an example of an all-systems-master-copy file:

```
nwserver, my-nw-server, 10.0.0.1, af922b9f-cd61-49cd-afdc-a48e558cec3e, 10.6.6.0 archiver, my-nw-archiver, 10.0.0.2, a65c1236-5e46-4117-8529-8ea837074bd0, 10.6.6.0 concentrator, my-nw-concentrator, 10.0.0.3, dc620e94-bcf5-4d51-83fe-c003cdfcd7a6, 10.6.6.0 esa, my-nw-esa, 10.0.0.4, 8b608c0d-a7f9-40c0-baee-8407dec774ab, 10.6.6.0 logdecoder, my-nw-logdecoder, 10.0.0.5, c8be5d45-e19e-4a8d-90ce-1cb2fe60077a, 10.6.6.0 malwareanalysis, my-nw-malwareanalysis, 10.0.0.6, 2edc9585-7081-48c3-8f8c-e0d02aa0a2fd, 10.6.6.0 packetdecoder, my-nw-packetdecoder, 10.0.0.7, a8f2f574-3dd0-4b65-9cf7-d8141b78a192, 10.6.6.0 vlc, my-nw-vlc, 10.0.0.8, 3ffefc4e-0b31-4951-bb77-dea5869fa98c, 10.6.6.0 broker, my-nw-broker, 10.0.0.9, 0b65e7ce-61d5-4177-9647-c56ccfb0f737, 10.6.6.0
```

And here is an example of an all-systems file that could be used in the first backup session, where only the Security Analytics Server, ESA host, and Malware Analysis host are backed up:

```
nwserver, my-nw-server, 10.0.0.1, af922b9f-cd61-49cd-afdc-a48e558cec3e, 10.6.6.0 #archiver, my-nw-archiver, 10.0.0.2, a65c1236-5e46-4117-8529-8ea837074bd0, 10.6.6.0 #concentrator, my-nw-concentrator, 10.0.0.3, dc620e94-bcf5-4d51-83fe-c003cdfcd7a6, 10.6.6.0 esa, my-nw-esa, 10.0.0.4, 8b608c0d-a7f9-40c0-baee-8407dec774ab, 10.6.6.0 #logdecoder, my-nw-logdecoder, 10.0.0.5, c8be5d45-e19e-4a8d-90ce-1cb2fe60077a, 10.6.6.0 malwareanalysis, my-nw-malwareanalysis, 10.0.0.6, 2edc9585-7081-48c3-8f8c-e0d02aa0a2fd, 10.6.6.0 #packetdecoder, my-nw-packetdecoder, 10.0.0.7, a8f2f574-3dd0-4b65-9cf7-d8141b78a192, 10.6.6.0 #vlc, my-nw-vlc, 10.0.0.8, 3ffefc4e-0b31-4951-bb77-dea5869fa98c, 10.6.6.0 #broker, my-nw-broker, 10.0.0.9, 0b65e7ce-61d5-4177-9647-c56ccfb0f737, 10.6.6.0
```

### **Troubleshooting Information**

• Be sure to save copies of the all-systems and all-systems-master-copy files in a safe location. Follow these recommendations:

- Do not edit the all-systems-master-copy file.
- If you create several different versions of the all-systems file (for example, for several backup sessions), be sure that each version of the file lists only those hosts that are currently being backed up, and the other hosts are commented out. For more information, see Post Backup Tasks.
- If any host systems are down while you are running the get-all-systems.sh script, the script creates a list of hosts for which it cannot find information. After the script completes and the all-systems file is created, you must edit the all-systems file manually and add the missing information for these hosts.
- The get-all-systems.sh script generates a list of hosts that were defined in the Security Analytics user interface. Ensure that all hosts and services are provisioned properly. If any hosts or services are not provisioned properly, they will not be backed up. RSA recommends that when you add hosts and services to Security Analytics, you use the Security Analytics user interface to ensure that they are provisioned properly. However, if there are any hosts or services that were not defined in the user interface, you must add them to the all-systems file manually.
- At the end of the get-all-systems.sh script, the script will check for any differences between the systems that the Security Analytics Server has listed, and the ones for which the script was able to find all the required information. If any Node ID's or system names are listed as missing, verify the existence of those systems, that their services are all running, and that they are properly communicating with the Security Analytics Server. (Any Windows Legacy Collectors or AWS Cloud Collectors will not be added to the all-systems file, and may account for discrepancies. **DO NOT add these items to the all-systems file manually.**)
- If the syntax in the all-systems file is incorrect, the script will fail. For example, if there is an extra space at the beginning or the end of a host entry, the script will fail.

## Task 3 - Set up Authentication Between Backup and Target Hosts

RSA recommends that you run the ssh-propagate.sh script to automate sharing keys between the backup host and the host systems.

**Note:** If you have SSH keys that are protected with pass phrases, you can use ssh-agent to save time. For more information, refer to the man page for ssh-agent.

Complete the following task to set up authentication between backup and target hosts.

1. On the external backup host system, make the ssh-propagate.sh script executable by running the following command:

```
chmod u+x ssh-propagate.sh
```

during the backup process.

2. At the root directory, run the following command, where <path-to-all-systems-file> is the path to the directory where the all-systems file is stored: ssh-propagate.sh <path-to-all-systems-file>

```
3. You are prompted for the password once per host, but you will not need to enter it repeatedly later
```

## Task 4 - Check for Backup Requirements for Specific Types of Hosts

After you create the all-systems file to use for backup, you must check to see if any of the hosts listed in the file have requirements that must be met before you run the backup process.

## **For All Host Types**

Perform the following steps for all host types.

1. On the Security Analytics Server, place Custom Certificate files and any other certificate authority (CA) files in the /root/customcerts folder to ensure that these certificate files are backed up. Your custom certificate files that are placed in this directories will be automatically restored during the upgrade process. After upgrading to 11.2, your custom certificate files will be located in /etc/pki/nw/trust/import.

You can convert CA certificates and keys to different formats to make them compatible with specific types of servers or software using OpenSSL. For example, you can convert a normal PEM file that would work with Apache to a PFX (PKCS#12) file and use it with Tomcat or IIS. To convert the files, SSH to the Security Analytics Server and run the following command strings to perform the conversions listed.

#### Convert a DER file (.crt .cer .der) to PEM

openssl x509 -inform der -in certificate.cer -out certificate.pem

#### Convert a PEM file to DER

openssl x509 -outform der -in certificate.pem -out certificate.der

#### Convert a PEM Certificate File and a Private Key to PKCS#12 (.pfx .p12)

openssl pkcs12 -export -out certificate.pfx -inkey privateKey.key -in certificate.crt -certfile CACert.crt

Convert a PKCS#12 File (.pfx .p12) Containing a Private Key and Certificates to PEM openssl pkcs12 -in keyStore.pfx -out keyStore.pem -nodes

**Note:** Add the following qualifier to the command string to:

- -nocerts convert private keys exclusively.
- -nokeys convert certificates exclusively.
- 2. Manually record any custom configurations made to CentOS 6 (for example, driver customizations) for restoration after you update to CentOS 7. Custom configurations to CentOS 6 are not automatically backed up and restored.

### For ESA Hosts with Mongo Databases

The default 10.6.x Mongo database password is netwitness. If you have customized this password, you could encounter an error while running the backup script. You can either use your custom Mongo database password during the backup, or you could change that password back to netwitness before running the nw-backup.sh script.

- 1. Find out if the Mongo database password is netwitness or if it has been modified.
- 2. If it has been modified, either change it back to netwitness, or be sure you know what the customized password is so that you can enter it during the backup.

## For Decoder, Concentrator, or Broker Hosts: Stop Data Capture and Aggregation

In addition to the tasks described in For All Host Types, for Decoder, Concentrator, or Broker hosts, stop data capture and aggregation on all the systems that you are backing up. For instructions, refer to "Appendix B. Stopping and Restarting Data Capture and Aggregation."

## Log Collectors (LC) and Virtual Log Collectors (VLCs): Run prepare-for-

migrate.sh

**Caution:** This task stops log collection so you must perform this step immediately before you upgrade to minimize the loss of event collection. Complete this task in accordance with the backup and upgrade tasks in this guide.

#### **Prerequisites**

You need the following information before you prepare LCs and VLCs for upgrade.

- If Lockbox was initialized on the LC and VLC, you must know the Lockbox password. It is required to reconfigure the Lockbox after the upgrade.
- If you set the password for logcollector user for RabbitMQ, you must know the password so you can set it again after the upgrade.

#### Prepare LCs and VLCs for Upgrade

Complete the following task to prepare Log Collectors and Virtual Log Collectors for the upgrade.

- 1. SSH to the Log Collector.
- 2. Submit the following command string.
  - # /opt/rsa/nwlogcollector/nwtools/prepare-for-migrate.sh --prepare
    This command:

- Stops the Puppet Agent service.
- Disables the file collection accounts ("sftp" and all users in the group "upload") used for uploading log files to the Log Collector. The log files accumulate on the event sources until the Log Collector has been upgraded to 11.2.
- Stops all the collection protocols in the Log Collector service.
- Saves the list of Plugin accounts and RabbitMQ accounts.
- Configures the RabbitMQ server so that new events cannot be published to it any longer.
   Consumers of events in the queues, such as shovels and Log Decoder Event Processors, will continue to run.
- Waits until the Log Collector queues are empty.
- Stops the Log Collector service.
- Creates a marker file indicating that the Log Collector has been successfully prepared for upgrade.

#### **Troubleshooting Information**

The prepare-for-migrate.sh script:

- Sends informational, warning, and error messages to the console.
- Saves a session log in the /var/log/backup/ directory.

You must fix any of the following errors and resume the preparation. Contact RSA Customer Support (https://community.rsa.com/docs/DOC-1294) for assistance.

- Log Collector queues with events but without consumers are found.
- Unable to stop the Puppet Agent service.
- Unable to stop a collection protocol in the Log Collector service.
- Unable to block event publishers to the RabbitMQ server.
- Unable to or taking too long for queue events to be consumed. The script makes 30 attempts waiting for the events to be consumed. After each attempt, it sleeps for 30 seconds.
- Unable to stop the Log Collector service.

For more information about troubleshooting, see Appendix A. Troubleshooting.

# For Integrations with Web Threat Detection, Archer Cyber Incident & Breach Response or NetWitness Endpoint - List RabbitMQ Usernames and Passwords

On the 10.6.6.x Security Analytics Server host, you must get a list of all RabbitMQ usernames and passwords so that after you perform the 11.2. upgrade, you can restore RabbitMQ user accounts.

To get a list of RabbitMQ usernames and passwords, run the following command:

rabbitmqctl list users >> /root/rabbitmq users.txt

To restore RabbitMQ user accounts, refer to "Task 2 - For Integrations with Web Threat Detection, NetWitness SecOps Manager or NetWitness Endpoint Configure Mutually Authenticated SSL" in *Post Upgrade Tasks*.

#### For Bluecoat Event Sources

Bluecoat ProxySG event sources use FTPS protocol to upload log files to the Log Collector (LC) and Virtual Log Collector (VLC). The event source documentation contains the steps to configure VSFTPD service on the LC and VLC.

- If key material exists in the /root/vsftpd/ directory in 10.6.6.x, this material area will be backed up and restored. If the material was in another location, you must back it up and restore it manually.
- If the /etc/vsftpd/vsftpd.conf file exits in 10.6.6.x, it is backed up and restored.

## Task 5 - Check for Adequate Space for the Backup

You can run the backup test script to check the amount of disk space that is required for the backup using the -t option described in Test Options. You run the script without actually backing up files or stopping any services. RSA recommends that you perform this step to ensure that you provide adequate space for the backup so that the backup captures all your data.

Complete the following task to check for adequate disk space.

- 1. Make the backup script executable by running the following command: chmod u+x nw-backup.sh
- 2. Run the following command at the root directory level:

```
./nw-backup.sh -t
```

The output displays the amount of disk space that is required for the backup.

Note: The ./nw-backup.sh -t command runs with the -d option by default. However, if you are looking for more accurate disk space results, you can override the -d option by using -D. Using the -D option will show how much space is required on each host for the data that will be backed up, but does not show how much space is available. If there is not enough space available, the -D option will throw an error. If you want to know how much space is available on the target host, you must run the df -h command on the host.

The following figure shows an example of the output from using the -t option.

```
NW-BACKUP SCRIPT - TEST MODE
     RSA nw-backup script is running in test mode where in it will only verify the disk space required for successful backup.
 ONTENT options currently selected:
     Backup IPDB?
                                                             Backup Yum Repo?
     Backup Malware Analysis repository? 'no'
Backup Reporting Engine repository? 'no'
                                                             Backup SA Colo MA?
                                                                                       'no'
    Backup ESA DB?
Backup SMS RRD?
                                                             Backup Context Hub?
                         'yes'
Checking that the environment is configured for proper execution of script...
                                 [ OK ]
                                            Backup path has been set to /var/netvitness/database/nv-backup
 Backup path configured...
Backup path existence...
Check for all-systems file... [ OK ]
Dated backup dir... [ OK ] Backup directory: /var/netwitness/database/nw-backup/2017-09-18
 ogging to /var/netwitness/database/nw-backup/rsa-nw-backup-2017-09-18.log
Testing SSH connectivity to saserver
SSH connectivity... [ OK ]
Calculating size of backup for saserver
Disk space required for saserver backup is 1.91GB
Check Backup Storage Space @ lab-cos6-RF:/var/netwitness/database/nw-backup
Space Required 1.91GB vs. Space Available 11.66GB
Backup Storage Space... [ OK ]
Total Execution Time : 0 d 0 h 0 m 19 s
```

## Task 6 - Back up Your Host Systems

Before you run the backup script to do the actual backup, be sure that you have plenty of space. To back up your hosts, you run the nw-backup.sh script using the -u option. This option is required for upgrading to 11.2.

**Note:** The script will stop services as it runs. However, you can stop services manually before you run the script if needed.

When you run the backup script, you can choose from several options that are described in the following sections.

#### **Usage**

```
./nw-backup.sh [-u -t -d -D -l -x -e] <external-mnt> -b <backup file path>
```

#### **General Options**

```
-u : This option is required for upgrading to 11.2. Enables the upgrade flag to run backup for upgrading to 11.2. It also enables disk space check (-d), backing up reporting engine reports (-r) and stores backup content locally (-1). Default: (no)
```

-d : enables disk space check in 'fast' mode (quick estimate of space using uncompressed data). Default: (no)

-D: enables disk space check in 'full' mode (estimate of space using compressed data,  $\sim 10 \, \mathrm{X}$  slower). Default: (no)

-1 : stores backup content locally on each host (automatically set if -u is used). Default: (no)

-e <path to mount point> : copies backup files of all devices onto an external
mount point. Default: (/mnt/external backup)

-x : move all backup files to an external mount point. Default: (no) - COPY

-b -b -b to write backups> : path to the location for storing backup files on
a backup server. For upgrading to 11.2, please use the default location!
Default: (/var/netwitness/database/nw-backup)

**Note:** Do **not** change the backup path in upgrade (-u) mode.

**Note:** When you run a backup with the -u option, all services are stopped. If you need to continue to use the 10.6.x machine after running the backup, reboot the 10.6.x system so that services are restarted.

#### **Advanced Content Selection Options**

```
-c : back up Colocated Malware Analysis on SA servers. Default: (no)
-i : back up IPDB data (/var/netwitness/ipdbextractor). Default: (no)
-m : back up Malware Analysis File Repository. Default: (no)
-r : back up Reporting Engine Report Repository (automatically set if -u is used). Default: (no)
-v : back up system logs (/var/log). Default: (no)
-y : back up YUM Web Server & RPM Repository. Default: (no)
-S : If set: DISABLES back up of SMS RRD files. Default: (not-set)
-C : If set: DISABLES back up of Context-Hub configuration and database. Default: (not-set)
-E : If set: DISABLES back up of ESA Mongo database. Default: (not-set)
```

#### **Test Options**

-t: performs script test run for disk space check only. Services are not stopped and excludes execution of backup. Can be combined with (-d) or (-D) and other flags. Default: (-t)

#### For example, the command:

./nw-backup.sh

would run the backup with options as set in the Header of the script itself.

#### OR, the command:

./nw-backup.sh -ue /mnt/external backup

would run a normal backup using the backup path defined in the script, with the following options:

- -u : enables the upgrade flag to run backup for upgrading to 11.2. It also enables disk space check (-d), backing up reporting engine reports (-r) and stores backup content locally (-1). Default: (no)
- -e : Copy the backup files to external mount point, mounted on  $/mnt/external\_$  backup

For Help: ./nw-backup.sh -h

When you run the script, the following text is displayed at the top of the script:

Caution: RSA nw-backup script backs up configuration files, data, and logs on the options provided in the script. It tars the content, with options to store the backup files on the backup server, move or copy them to external storage on a mount point (USB/NFS/SMB), or SCP them back to the target host. This backup script has been qualified on the following versions of Security Analytics: 10.6.6.x

Use of this script on any other versions of the product may not give expected results and may not be supported by RSA Customer Service.

**Note:** All non-RSA custom files, scripts, Cronjobs and other important files should be placed in /root, /home/'user', OR /etc to be included in the backup.

Complete the following task to back up your hosts.

- 1. Ensure that the all-systems file contains only the hosts to back up. For information, see Task 2 Create a List of Hosts to Back up.
- 2. Make the backup script executable by running the following command: chmod u+x nw-backup.sh
- 3. Begin the backup process by running the following command at the root directory level: ./nw-backup.sh -u

**Note:** You must use the -u option so that your files will be restored correctly during the upgrade to 11.2. Do NOT make any changes to the header of the backup script for the backup path because the path is specific to the upgrade, and that data needs to be in a specific place.

When the text "Backup completed with no errors" is displayed, the backup has completed successfully.

A log file, with a name similar to the following example, is created in the backup directory which provides information on the files being backed up: rsa-nw-backup-2018-03-15.log

4. When the backup has completed, to ensure that the intended files were backed up, you can run the following command to see a list of all the files that were backed up:

```
tar -tzvf hostname-ip-address-backup.tar.gz
The following archive files are created:
```

For all hosts:

```
<hostname-IPaddress>-root.tar.gz
<hostname-IPaddress>-backup.tar.gz
tar checksum files
<hostname-IPaddress>-network.info.txt
For Security Analytics Servers:
<hostname-IPaddress>-root.tar.gz
<hostname-IPaddress>-backup.tar.gz
<hostname-IPaddress>-mongodb.tar.gz
tar checksum files
<hostname-IPaddress>-network.info.txt
For ESA Hosts:
<hostname-IPaddress>-root.tar.gz
<hostname-IPaddress>-backup.tar.gz
<hostname-IPaddress>-backup.tar.gz
<hostname-IPaddress>-mongodb.tar.gz
```

<hostname-IPaddress>-controldata-mongodb.tar.gz

```
tar checksum files
<hostname-IPaddress>-network.info.txt
```

The archived files are located in the /var/netwitness/database/nw-backup directory. If any of the tar files appear smaller than expected, open them to be sure that the files were properly backed up.

## **Post Backup Tasks**

## Task 1 - Save a Copy of the all-systems File and the Backup Tar files

Make copies of the all-systems file, the all-systems-master-copy file, and the backup tar files and put the copies in a secure location. You cannot regenerate these files after you upgrade the Security Analytics Server (specifically the Admin service) to 11.2.

## Task 2 - Ensure Required Backup Files Were Generated

After you run the backup scripts, several files are generated. These files are required for the 11.2 upgrade process. Before you begin the upgrade process, you must ensure that the required backup files are on the hosts that you are upgrading, and that you perform the following tasks.

The following files are generated on all hosts by the backup scripts:

- all-systems
- all-systems-master-copy
- appliance info
- service info
- <hostname>-<host-IP-address>-backup.tar.gz
- <hostname>-<host-IP-address>-backup.tar.gz.sha256
- <hostname>-<host-IP-address>-root.tar.gz
- <hostname>-<host-IP-address>-root.tar.gz.sha256
- <hostname>-<host-IP-address>-network.info.txt

In addition to the files listed above, the following files will be generated on the Security Analytics Server and ESA hosts:

- <hostname>-<host IP address>-mongodb.tar.gz
- <hostname>-<host IP address>-mongodb.tar.gz.sha256

The backup script will also generate the following controldata-mongodb.tar.gz files.

**Note:** The backup script copies the following files from all ESA hosts to the Security Analytics Server's backup path .

- <esa hostname>-<esa hostip>-controldata-mongodb.tar.gz
- <esa hostname>-<esa hostip>-controldata-mongodb.tar.gz.sha256

## Task 3 - (Conditional) For Multiple ESA Hosts, Copy mongodb tar files to Primary ESA Host

If you have multiple ESA host systems in your enterprise, copy the following two files from each ESA host to the /opt/rsa/database/nw-backup/ directory on the Primary ESA host system (the host that has the ContextHub service running on it):

- <hostname>-<host-IP-address>-mongodb.tar.qz
- <hostname>-<host-IP-address>-mongodb.tar.gz.sha256

## Task 4 - Ensure All Required Backup Files are on Each Host

Before you upgrade to 11.2., ensure that the appropriate files exist on the hosts that you are upgrading as described in the following lists.

**Note:** The default paths for backup files are:

- Security Analytics Servers:/var/netwitness/database/nw-backup
- ESA hosts:/opt/rsa/database/nw-backup
- Malware hosts: /var/lib/rsamalware/nw-backup

#### **Required Files for NetWitness Servers**

- all-systems-master-copy
- <hostname>-<host-IP-address>-backup.tar.gz
- <hostname>-<host-IP-address>-backup.tar.gz.sha256
- <hostname>-<host-IP-address>-root.tar.gz
- <hostname>-<host-IP-address>-root.tar.gz.sha256
- <hostname>-<host-IP-address>-network.info.txt
- <hostname>-<host-IP-address>-mongodb.tar.gz
- <hostname>-<host-IP-address>-mongodb.tar.gz.sha256
- <esa-hostname>-<esa-host-IP-address>-controldata-mongodb.tar.gz
- <esa-hostname>-<esa-host-IP-address>-controldata-mongodb.tar.gz.sha256

#### **Required Files for ESA Hosts**

- all-systems-master-copy
- <hostname>-<host-IP-address>-backup.tar.gz
- <hostname>-<host-IP-address>-backup.tar.gz.sha256
- <hostname>-<host-IP-address>-root.tar.gz
- <hostname>-<host-IP-address>-root.tar.gz.sha256
- <hostname>-<host-IP-address>-network.info.txt

### Virtual Host Upgrade Guide

- <hostname>-<host-IP-address>-mongodb.tar.gz
- <hostname>-<host-IP-address>-mongodb.tar.gz.sha256

#### **Required Files for All Other Hosts**

- all-systems-master-copy
- <hostname>-<host-IP-address>-backup.tar.gz
- <hostname>-<host-IP-address>-backup.tar.gz.sha256
- <hostname>-<host-IP-address>-root.tar.gz
- <hostname>-<host-IP-address>-root.tar.gz.sha256
- <hostname>-<host-IP-address>-network.info.txt

**Note:** The following files are located in the <hostname>-<host-IP-address>-backup.tar.gz tar on all hosts:

appliance\_info
service info

**Note:** The paths to the location of the backup and restore files for iptables, NAT configurations, user accounts, and crontab entries are shown in the following list:

### **Backup paths:**

BUPATH=/opt/rsa/database/nw-backup for the ESA Correlation Engine BUPATH=/var/lib/rsamalware/nw-backup for the Malware Service BUPATH=/var/netwitness/database/nw-backup for all other services

#### **Restore locations:**

BUPATH/restore/etc/sysconfig for Iptable rules

BUPATH/restore/etc/sysconfig for NAT configurations

BUPATH/restore/etc for Crontab entries

BUPATH/restore/etc for User Accounts (users are located in the passwd file, and groups are located in the group file. These are not restored during the upgrade process but can be restored manually.

BUPATH/restore/etc/ntp.conf for NTP configurations (must be restored using the NetWitness Platform UI)

# Migrate Disk Drives from 10.6.6.x to 11.2

These instructions tell you how to upgrade virtual hosts from 10.6.6.x to 11.2.

Caution: 1) You cannot perform the migration if you have a snapshot for your VM.

- 2). Run the backup immediately before you upgrade hosts for each phase so that the data is not outdated.
- 3.) This guide applies to virtual host upgrades exclusively. If have both physical and virtual hosts in your deployment, see the RSA NetWitness® Platform 11.2 Physical Host Upgrade Instructions for the steps you must complete to upgrade physical hosts. Go to the Master Table of Contents to find all NetWitness Platform Logs & Network 11.x documents.

Note: The machines must be in VMware ESX.

There are five tasks you must complete to migrate your Virtual Machine (VM) deployment disk drives from 10.6.6.x to 11.2:

- Task 1 Back up data in your 10.6.6.x VMs.
- Task 2 Deploy the same VM Stack in 11.2 as you have in 10.6.6.x.
- Task 3 Copy the VMDK Files and add them as a hard disk to the new VMs.
- Task 4 Retain MAC address of upgraded SA Server VM.
- Task 5 Restore backup data in 10.6.6.x to 11.2 VMs.

# Task 1 - Back Up Data in 10.6.6.x VMs

- 1. Prepare Log Collector for the migration:
  - a. Log in to the Log Collector using root credentials.
  - b. Go to the /opt/rsa/nwlogcollector/nwtools/ directory and run the following command. sh prepare-for-migrate.sh --prepare
    - See Virtual Log Collector Host (VLC) for detailed instructions on how to upgrade the VLC.
- 2. Download the .zip file that contains the 10.6.6.x backup scripts from RSA Link https://community.rsa.com/docs/DOC-81514)) to the external backup host.

**Note:** You must set up an external host to use for backing up files. The host must be running CentOS 6 with connectivity through SSH to the NetWitness Platform stack of hosts.

- 3. Run the following commands from the nw-backup/scripts directory (see <u>Backup Instructions</u> for a detailed descriptions of the backup scripts).
  - ./get-all-systems.sh <SA-IP>
  - ./ssh-propagate.sh <path-to-backup-directory/all-systems>
  - ./nw-backup.sh -u

(if you have a Malware VM, substitute -m -u for -u in this command string (for example, ./nw-backup.sh -m -u).

# Task 2 - Deploy Same 10.6.6.x VM Stack in 11.2

You must set up the same virtual host stack in 11.2 that you had in 10.6.6.x. See the RSA NetWitness® Platform 11.2 Virtual Host Installation Guide for instructions.Go to the Master Table of Contents to find all NetWitness Platform Logs & Network 11.x documents.

The following steps are the high-level steps on how to deploy an OVA host in the ESXi environment.

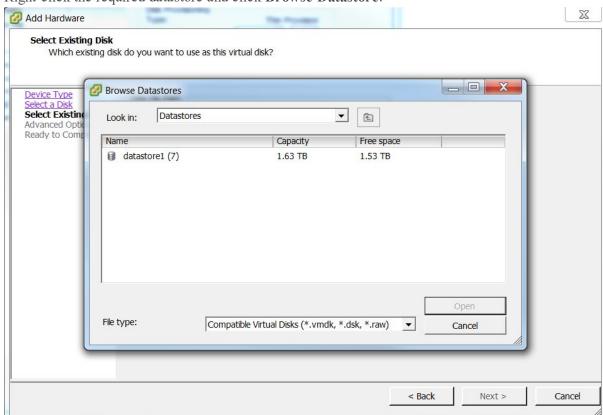
Download the 11.2 OVA, from RSA Link Download Central to a local directory.

- 1. Log on to the ESXi environment.
- In the File drop-down, select Deploy OVF Template.
   The Deploy OVA Template dialog is displayed.
- 3. Browse your local directory for the 11.2 OVAs you downloaded.
- 4. Select the to deploy in the virtual environment, and click Next.
- 5. Select the appropriate Configuration for the VM and click Next.
- 6. Power on the VM, go to Console, and log in to the machine.

  The VM now has the 11.2 base image required to run the Setup Program (that is, nwsetup-tui).

# Task 3 - Copy VMDK Files and Add Them as Hard Disk to New VMs

- 1. Power off both the 10.6.6.x and 11.2 VMs.
- 2. Go to the desired ESX server, click the Configuration tab > Storage.

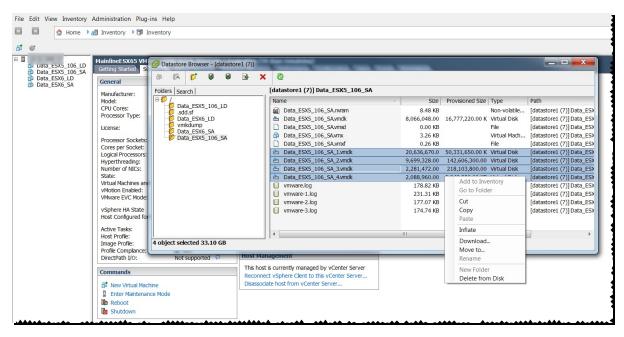


3. Right-click the required datastore and click **Browse Datastore**.

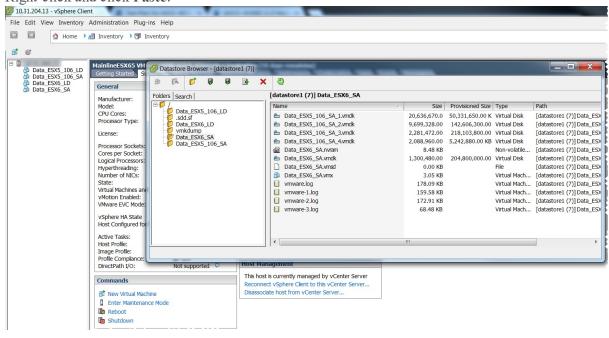
- 4. Navigate to the existing 10.6.6.x VM in the datastore.
- 5. Select all the VMDK files in the datastore, right-click, and click **Copy**.

Caution: Do not copy the base VMDK file (for example, Data\_106\_SA) because it contains CentOS6.

You must copy all the numbered VMDK files. For example, if the 10.6.6.x VM name is Data 106 SA, you would copy all the Data 106 SA 1, Data 106 SA 2, Data 106 SA 3, etc files.



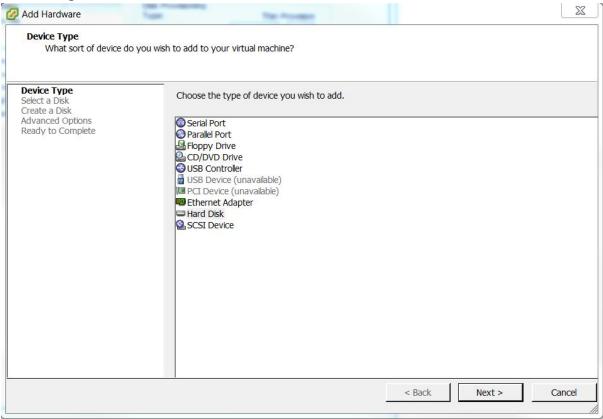
- 6. Navigate to the new 11.2 VM in the datastore.
- 7. Right-click and click Paste.



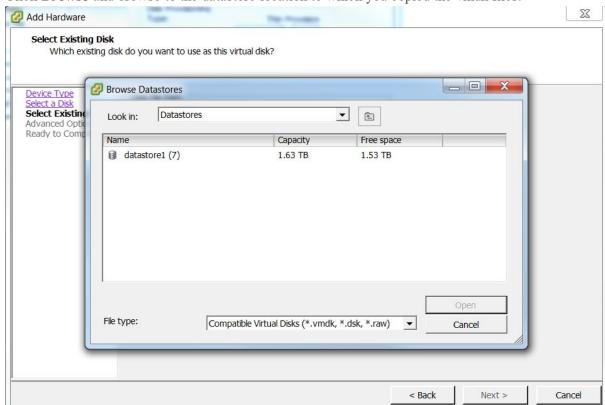
**Note:** You must wait until all the VMDK files from the previous VM are completely copied into the datastore of the new VM.

8. Select the 11.2 VM, click **Edit Settings** > **Add**.

9. In the dialog box, click **HardDisk** > **Next**.

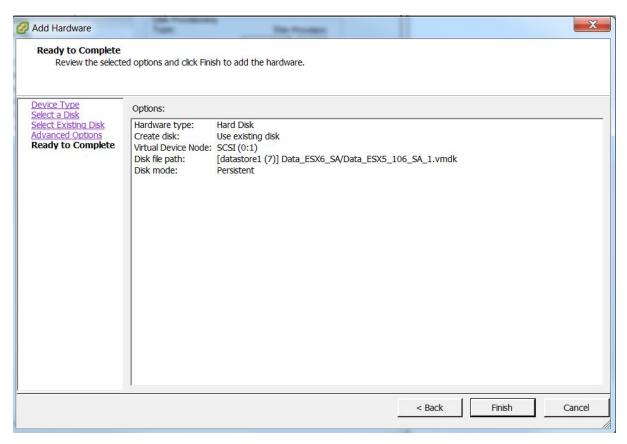


10. Click Already existing hard disk > Next.

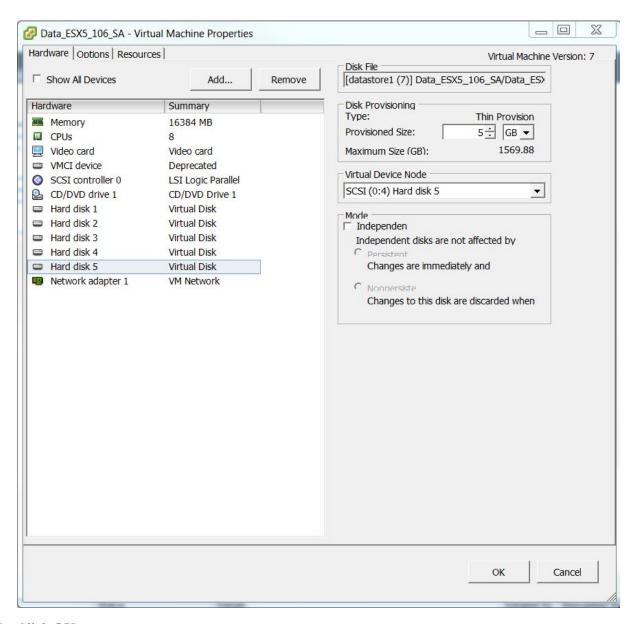


11. Click **Browse** and browse to the datastore location to which you copied the vmdk files.

12. Select the VMDK file from the 11.2 VM that you want to add as a disk.



13. Repeat steps 8 through 12 for each disk you want to add.



14. Click **OK**.

# Task 4 - Retain MAC Address of Upgraded SA Server VM

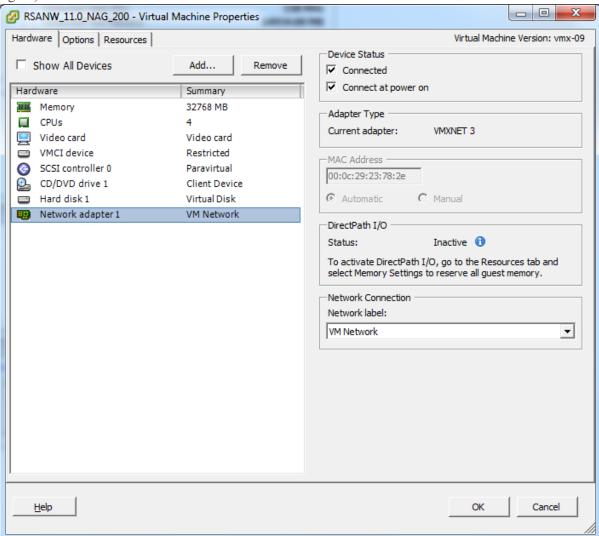
To retain the MAC address of migrated Security Analytics (SA) Server Virtual Machine (VM):

**Note:** These steps apply to the SA Server VM (created with "Automatic" MAC address assignment selected) to the 11.2 NetWitness Server. For VMs with a Static MAC address, you can change the MAC address by going to Edit Settings for a VM and typing in the MAC address.

1. Log in to vCenter server.

**Note:** The supported versions of vCenter is 5.5 through 6.5 inclusive.

- 2. (Conditional) If they are powered on, **Power Off** both VMs (NetWitness 10.6.6.x and 11.2).
- 3. Click **Summary** tab, right-click **Datastore** and browse for the datastore location.
- 4. Go to the VM folder and download the .vmx file of 10.6.6.x and 11.2 to the local repository. By default, the VM generated with the MAC address is created in the format (as shown in the below figure).



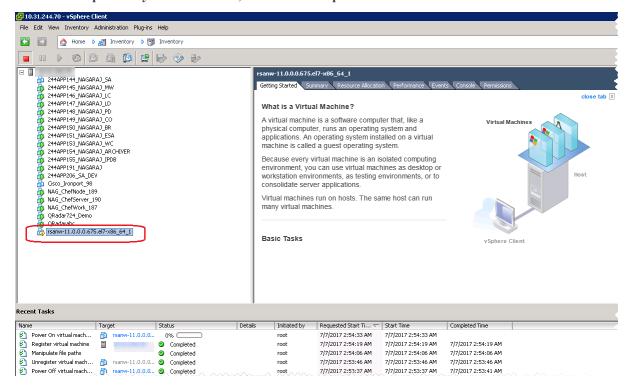
Note: 00:0c:29:XX:YY:ZZ – 00:0c:29 is the unique identifier for an automatically generated MAC address. 00:50:56:XX:YY:ZZ – 00:50:56 is the unique identifier for a static or manually generated MAC address. This is valid only if the vCenter is not deployed. If vCenter is deployed, this MAC address denotes the unique identifier for an automatically generated MAC address.

5. Using a text editor, copy the unid.location and ethernet0.generatedAddress values from 10.6.6.x.vmx file into the 11.2.vmx file.

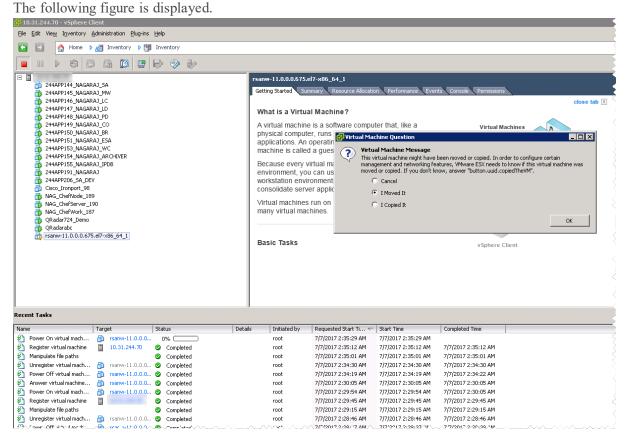
**Note:** If you deployed the 10.6.6.x stack on the ESX server directly (not through VCenter), you must copy the value for uuid.bios in addition to uuid.location and ethernet0.generatedAddress from 10.6.6.x .vmx file into the 11.2 .vmx file.

- 6. Remove both the 10.6.6.x and the 11.2 VMs from inventory.
  - a. Navigate to the vCenter server.
  - b. Right-click both the 10.6.6.x and the 11.2 VMs.
  - c. Select Remove from Inventory.
- 7. Upload the modified 11.2 .vmx file to the datastore location by replacing it with the existing .vmx file.
- 8. From the datastore, right- click the 11.2 .vmx file and select Add to Inventory.
- 9. Navigate to the vCenter server and **Power On** the 11.2 VM. The following message is displayed.

The virtual machine might have been moved or copied. In order to configure certain management and networking features, VMware ESX needs to know if this virtual machine was moved or copied. If you don't know, answer "I Copied it."



10. Right-click the VM and select **Guest** > **Answer Question**.



- 11. Select I Moved It.
- 12. Click OK.

The MAC address is retained to the MAC address from 10.6.6.x to 11.2.

# Task 5 - Restore Backup Data in 10.6.6.x to 11.2 VMs

Complete the following steps to **Power On** the 11.2 VM.

- 1. Copy backed-up data from the nw-backup directory to the 11.2 VMs.
  - For the NW Server (SA Server in 10.6.6.x):

**Note:** See <u>Virtual Log Collector Host</u> (VLC) for detailed instructions on how to upgrade the VLC.

- a. Create the nwhome directory under /tmp.
- b. Mount VolGroup00-nwhome on /tmp/nwhome/.
  mount /dev/mapper/VolGroup00-nwhome /tmp/nwhome/
- c. Copy the contents of /tmp/nwhome/ directory to /var/netwitness/.
  cp -r /tmp/nwhome/\* /var/netwitness/
- d. Mount VolGroup02-redb on /var/netwitness/database. mount /dev/mapper/VolGroup02-redb /var/netwitness/database/

**Note:** Make sure that the /var/netwitness/database/nw-backup directory exists with backup tarballs of the appliance.

- e. Unmount VolGroup00-nwhome from /tmp/nwhome/. umount /tmp/nwhome
- For the Archiver, Broker, Concentrator, Log Decoder/Log Collector, and Network Decoder:

**Note:** If your 10.6.6.x Decoder or Log Decoder had multiple network interfaces:

- 1. **Power Off** the 11.2 VM 11.2 Decoder or Log Decoder VM.
- 2. Go to **Edit Settings** for the VM and add the required number of Ethernet Adapters.
- 3. **Power On** the VM.
- 4. Add the ethernet adapters before restoring the backup data.
- a. Create the nwhome directory under /tmp.
- b. Create a temporary mount VolGroup00-nwhome on /tmp/nwhome/.
  mount /dev/mapper/VolGroup00-nwhome /tmp/nwhome/
- c. Copy the contents of /tmp/nwhome/ directory to /var/netwitness/. cp -r /tmp/nwhome/\* /var/netwitness/
- d. Unmount VolGroup00-nwhome from /tmp/nwhome/. umount /tmp/nwhome
- For Malware Analysis (Co-located Malware Not Supported in 11.2 Upgrade):
  - a. Create the apps directory under /tmp/.
  - b. Create a temporary mount VolGroup01-apps on /tmp/apps/. mount /dev/mapper/VolGroup01-apps /tmp/apps/ mkdir /var/netwitness/database
  - c. Copy the nw-backup directory to /var/netwitness/.
    cp -r /tmp/apps/nw-backup /var/netwitness/database

- d. Unmount VolGroup01-apps from /tmp/apps/. umount /tmp/apps
- For Event Stream Analysis:
  - a. Create the apps directory under /tmp/
  - b. Create a temporary mount VolGroup01-apps on /tmp/apps/. mount /dev/mapper/VolGroup01-apps /tmp/apps/ mkdir /var/netwitness/database
  - c. Copy the nw-backup directory to /var/netwitness. cp -r /tmp/apps/nw-backup /var/netwitness
  - d. Unmount VolGroup01-apps from /tmp/apps/. umount /tmp/apps
- 2. Mount the disks.

**Note:** If you have configured any external mount points on the VMs in the stack for any of the following directories, re-mount the external mount points in place of the following mounts.

• For the NW Server:

```
mount /dev/mapper/VolGroup01-ipdbext /var/netwitness/ipdbextractor/
mount /dev/mapper/VolGroup02-redb /var/netwitness/database/
```

**Note:** Make sure that the /var/netwitness/database/nw-backup directory exists with backup tarballs of the appliance.

• For the Log Decoder/Log Collector:

#### **Note:** The following mounts are not required for the Virtual Log Collector.

```
mount /dev/mapper/VolGroup01-decoroot /var/netwitness/logdecoder
mount /dev/mapper/VolGroup01-index /var/netwitness/logdecoder/index
mount /dev/mapper/VolGroup01-sessiondb /var/netwitness/logdecoder/sessiondb
mount /dev/mapper/VolGroup01-metadb /var/netwitness/logdecoder/metadb
mount /dev/mapper/VolGroup01-logcoll /var/netwitness/logcollector
mount /dev/mapper/VolGroup01-packetdb /var/netwitness/logdecoder/packetdb
```

• For the Network Decoder:

```
mount /dev/mapper/VolGroup01-decoroot /var/netwitness/decoder
mount /dev/mapper/VolGroup01-sessiondb /var/netwitness/decoder/sessiondb
mount /dev/mapper/VolGroup01-index /var/netwitness/decoder/index
mount /dev/mapper/VolGroup01-metadb /var/netwitness/decoder/metadb
mount /dev/mapper/VolGroup01-packetdb /var/netwitness/decoder/packetdb
```

• For the Concentrator:

```
mount /dev/mapper/VolGroup01-concroot /var/netwitness/concentrator
mount /dev/mapper/VolGroup01-sessiondb
/var/netwitness/concentrator/sessiondb
mount /dev/mapper/VolGroup01-index /var/netwitness/concentrator/index
mount /dev/mapper/VolGroup01-metadb /var/netwitness/concentrator/metadb
```

#### • For the Archiver:

mount /dev/mapper/VolGroup01-archiver /var/netwitness/archiver
mount /dev/mapper/VolGroup02-workbench /var/netwitness/workbench

#### • For the Broker:

mount /dev/mapper/VolGroup01-broker /var/netwitness/broker

#### 3. Add the following mount entries to /etc/fstab.

#### • For the NW Server:

/dev/mapper/VolGroup01-ipdbext /var/netwitness/ipdbextractor/ xfs
defaults,noatime,nosuid 1 2
/dev/mapper/VolGroup02-redb /var/netwitness/database/ xfs
defaults,noatime,nosuid 1 2

#### • For the Log Decoder/Log Collector:

#### **Note:** The following mounts are not required for the Virtual Log Collector.

```
/dev/mapper/VolGroup01-decoroot /var/netwitness/logdecoder ext4 defaults, noatime, nosuid 1 2 /dev/mapper/VolGroup01-index /var/netwitness/logdecoder/index xfs defaults, noatime, nosuid 1 2 /dev/mapper/VolGroup01-sessiondb /var/netwitness/logdecoder/sessiondb xfs defaults, noatime, nosuid 1 2 /dev/mapper/VolGroup01-metadb /var/netwitness/logdecoder/metadb xfs defaults, noatime, nosuid 1 2 /dev/mapper/VolGroup01-logcoll /var/netwitness/logcollector xfs defaults, noatime, nosuid 1 2 /dev/mapper/VolGroup01-packetdb /var/netwitness/logdecoder/packetdb xfs defaults, noatime, nosuid 1 2
```

#### • For the Network Decoder:

/dev/mapper/VolGroup01-decoroot /var/netwitness/decoder ext4
defaults,noatime,nosuid 1 2
/dev/mapper/VolGroup01-sessiondb /var/netwitness/decoder/sessiondb xfs
defaults,noatime,nosuid 1 2
/dev/mapper/VolGroup01-index /var/netwitness/decoder/index xfs
defaults,noatime,nosuid 1 2
/dev/mapper/VolGroup01-metadb /var/netwitness/decoder/metadb xfs
defaults,noatime,nosuid 1 2
/dev/mapper/VolGroup01-packetdb /var/netwitness/decoder/packetdb xfs
defaults,noatime,nosuid 1 2

#### • For the Concentrator:

/dev/mapper/VolGroup01-concroot /var/netwitness/concentrator ext4
defaults,noatime,nosuid 1 2
/dev/mapper/VolGroup01-sessiondb /var/netwitness/concentrator/sessiondb
xfs defaults,nosuid,noatime 1 2
/dev/mapper/VolGroup01-index /var/netwitness/concentrator/index xfs
defaults,noatime,nosuid 1 2
/dev/mapper/VolGroup01-metadb /var/netwitness/concentrator/metadb xfs
defaults,noatime,nosuid 1 2

#### • For the Archiver:

/dev/mapper/VolGroup01-archiver /var/netwitness/archiver xfs
defaults,nosuid,noatime 1 2
/dev/mapper/VolGroup02-workbench /var/netwitness/workbench xfs
defaults,nosuid,noatime 1 2

#### • For the Broker:

 $\label{lem:condition} $$ / dev/mapper/VolGroup01-broker /var/netwitness/broker xfs defaults, nosuid, noatime 1 2$ 

# Set Up Virtual Hosts in 11.2

There two phases to set up your 11.2 virtual stack that you must complete in the order shown.

 Phase 1 - Set Up NW Server, Event Stream Analysis, Malware Analysis, and Broker or Concentrator Hosts

**Note:** For Event Stream Analysis, if you had C2 modules enabled in 10.6.6.x, the modules will enter a warm-up after you upgrade the Event Stream Analysis service to 11.2 and they will not be available until the warm up completes.

• Phase 2 - Set Up The Rest of the Component Hosts

# Phase 1 - Set Up NW Server, Event Stream Analysis, Malware Analysis, and Broker or Concentrator Hosts

#### Task 1 - Set Up 11.2 NetWitness Server

Follow the instructions under Set Up 11.2 NW Server Host.

### Task 2 - Set Up 11.2 ESA

**Caution:** If you had C2 modules enabled in 10.6.6.x, the modules will enter a warm-up after you upgrade the Event Stream Analysis service to 11.2 and they will not be available until the warm up completes.

Follow the instructions under Set Up 11.2 Non-NW Server Host to set up your ESA hosts.

1. Set up your primary ESA host through the Setup program and install **ESA Primary** on the host in the user interface on the **Admin Hosts** view.

**Note:** If you have multiple ESA hosts in your enterprise, you must upgrade the ESA Primary host, where all the mongodb (Mongo Database) backup tar files are located, first, before you upgrade ESA Secondary hosts.

2. (Conditional) If you have a secondary ESA host, set it up through the Setup program and install **ESA Secondary** on the host in the user interface on the **Admin Hosts** view.

#### Task 3 - Set Up 11.2 Malware Analysis

Follow the instructions under Set Up 11.2 Non-NW Server Host.

#### Task 4 - Set Up 11.2 Broker or Concentrator

Follow the instructions under Set Up 11.2 Non-NW Server Host.

**Note:** If you do not have a Broker, upgrade your Concentrator hosts. The 11.2 NW Server cannot communicate with 10.6.6.x core services for the new Investigate functionality. This is why you must upgrade the Broker or Concentrator hosts in Phase 1.

# Phase 2 - Set Up The Rest of the Component Hosts

See <u>Appendix B. Stopping and Restarting Data Capture and Aggregation</u> for instructions on how to stop and restart data capture and aggregation when upgrading the Decoder, Concentrator, and Log Collection hosts.

#### **Decoder and Concentrator Hosts**

- 1. Stop data capture and aggregation.
- 2. Complete the steps in Set Up 11.2 Non-NW Server Host.
- 3. Restart data capture and aggregation.

#### **Log Decoder Host**

- 1. Make sure you have prepared the Log Collector as described in the "Log Collectors (LC) and Virtual Log Collectors (VLCs): Run prepare-for-migrate.sh" in the **Backup Instructions**.
- 2. Stop data capture on the Log Decoder.
- 3. Complete the steps in Set Up 11.2 Non-NW Server Host.
- 4. Restart data capture on Log Decoder.

Note: After you upgrade, you will restart log collection after completing the <u>Task 30 - Update</u> <u>Incident Rules Identified in the Domain in the Matching Conditions Upgrade Preparation Task</u> in the <u>Post Upgrade Tasks</u>

## **Virtual Log Collector Host**

- 1. Make sure you have prepared the Virtual Log Collector as described in the "Log Collectors (LC) and Virtual Log Collectors (VLCs): Run prepare-for-migrate.sh" in the **Backup Instructions**.
- 2. Back up your 10.6.6.x VLC by editing the all-systems file on host where you performed the backup.
  - a. Make sure your all-systems file contents has this information before you perform this step. vlc, <host-name>, <IP-address>, <UUID>, 10.6.6.x
  - b. Run the following command to create backup.

```
./nw-backup.sh -u
```

See Backup Instructions for detailed procedures on how to back up the host.

3. Make sure the backup host contains the VLC backup in the following format.

```
<hostname>-<IPaddress>-root.tar.gz
<hostname>-<IPaddress>-root.tar.gz.sha256
<hostname>-<IPaddress>-backup.tar.gz
```

```
<hostname>-<IPaddress>-backup.tar.gz.sha256
<hostname-IPaddress>-network.info.txt
all-systems-master-copy
```

- 4. Power off the 10.6.6.x VLC so that a new 11.2 VM can be created with the same network configuration.
- 5. Deploy a fresh Non-NW Server host using the 11.2 NetWitness Platform ova.
- 6. Connect to the VM console of the new VLC.
- 7. Update the network configuration to be the same as the 10.6.6.x VLC.

  This information is stored in the <hostname-IPaddress>-network.info.txt 10.6.6.x VLC backup file.

#### Note: Make sure IPv6 is disabled.

a. Edit the /etc/sysconfig/network-scripts/ifcfg-eth0 file and update the settings. Contents of ifcfg-eth0 should be as follows.

```
TYPE=Ethernet
DEFROUTE=yes
NAME=eth0
UUID=<uuid>
DEVICE=eth0
DNS1=<nameserver from <hostname>-<ipaddress>-network-info.txt>
DNS2=<nameserver from <hostname>-<ipaddress>-network-info.txt>
BOOTPROTO=static
IPADDR=<ipaddress from <hostname>-<ipaddress>-network-info.txt>
NETMASK=<netmask from <hostname>-<ipaddress>-network-info.txt>
GATEWAY=<gateway from <hostname>-<ipaddress>-network-info.txt>
NM_CONTROLLED=no
ONBOOT=yes
```

b. Submit the following command string.

systemctl restart network.service

8. Create the backup directory.

```
# mkdir -p /var/netwitness/database/nw-backup/
```

- 9. Copy the backup from the backup host from /var/netwitness/database/nw-backup to the new VLC in the /var/netwitness/database/nw-backup directory.
- 10. Complete the steps 2 through 12 inclusive in Set Up 11.2 Non-SA Server Host for the rest of the NetWitness Platform components. Make sure that you select Log Collector for the service in step 12.

# Set Up 11.2 NW Server Host

Make sure that you have backed up 10.6.6.x data for the SA Server host. You must follow the instructions in Backup Instructions to back up the host.

**Caution:** Run the backup immediately before upgrading the SA Server to 11.2 so that the data is as recent as possible. You must create the **all-systems** file before you upgrade the SA Server because you cannot do this after the SA Server has been upgraded to 11.2.

Complete the following steps to set up the 11.2 NW Server host.

1. Log in to 11.2 NW Server VM's console and run the nwsetup-tui command. This initiates the Setup program and the EULA is displayed.

**Note:** 1.) When you navigate through the Setup program prompts, use the down and up arrows to move among fields, use Tab key to move to and from commands (such as <Yes>, <No>, <OK>, and <Cancel>. Press the Enter key to register your command response and move to the next prompt.

2.) The Setup program adopts the color scheme of the desktop or console you use access the host.

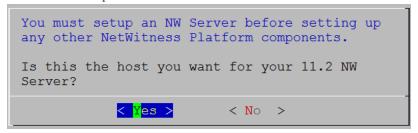
2. Tab to **Accept** and press **Enter**.

By clicking "Accept", you (the "Customer") hereby agree, on behalf of your company or organization, to be bound by the terms and conditions of the End User License Agreement (the "EULA") located at https://www.rsa.com/content/dam/rsa/PDF/shrinkwrap-license-combined.pdf with RSA Security LLC ("RSA", or appropriate affiliate entity in the relevant jurisdiction). In addition, Customer hereby agrees and acknowledges that, if Customer chooses to host its data with any third party or in a public cloud environment, RSA has no responsibility for the storage or protection of any Customer data or for any associated security breach notifications. The terms herein and in the EULA shall supersede any relevant terms in any other agreement between the Customer and RSA. For customers of the RSA NetWitness® products, all data analyzed in connection herewith shall be at a cost to Customer based on RSA's then current

The Is this the host you want for your 11.2 NW Server prompt is displayed.

Caution: If you choose the wrong host for the NW Server and complete the upgrade, you must repeat steps 1 through 11 of Set Up 11.2 NW Server Host to correct this error.

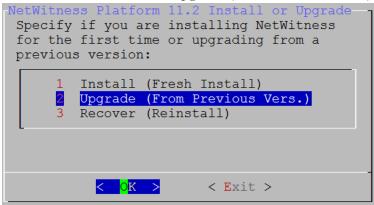
3. Tab to **Yes** and press **Enter**.



Choose **No** if you already upgraded the NW Server to 11.2.

The **Install or Upgrade** prompt is displayed.

4. Use down arrow to select **2 Upgrade (From Previous Vers.)**, tab to **OK**, and press **Enter**.

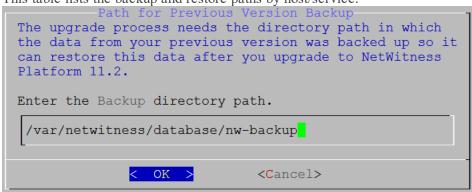


The **Backup** path prompt is displayed.

Caution: The backup path in the following prompt must be the same as the path in which your backup is stored. For example, the backup script assigns /var/netwitness/database/nw-backup as the default path. If you used the default backup path during backup and did not change it subsequently, you must keep /var/netwitness/database/nw-backup as the path in the following prompt.

5. Tab to **OK** and press **Enter** if want to keep this path. If not, edit the path, tab to **OK** and press **Enter** to change it.

This table lists the backup and restore paths by host/service.



Host	Backup Path	Restore Path
Malware	/var/lib/rsamlware/nw-backup	<pre>/var/netwitness/malware_ analytics_server/nw- backup/restore</pre>
Event Stream Analysis	/opt/rsa/database/nw-backup	/var/netwitness/database/nw-backup/restore
NW Server	<pre>/var/netwitness/database/nw- backup</pre>	/var/netwitness/restore
All Other Hosts	/var/netwitness/database/nw-backup	<pre>/var/netwitness/database/nw- backup/restore</pre>

The Master Password prompt is displayed.

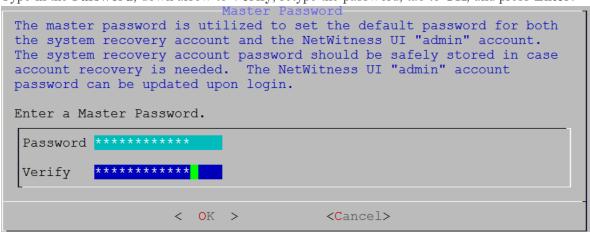
The following list of characters are supported for Master Password and Deployment Password:

- Symbols:! @ # % ^ +,
- Numbers : 0-9
- Lowercase Characters: a-z
- Uppercase Characters : A-Z

No ambiguous characters are supported for Master Password and Deployment Password. For example:

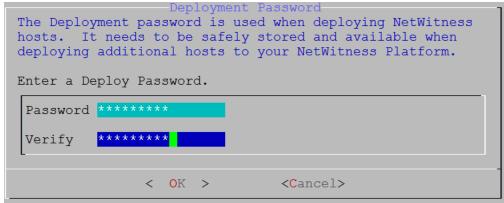
space { } [ ] ( ) / \' " ` ~ ; : .<>-

6. Type in the **Password**, down arrow to **Verify**, retype the password, tab to **OK**, and press **Enter**.



The **Deployment Password** prompt is displayed.

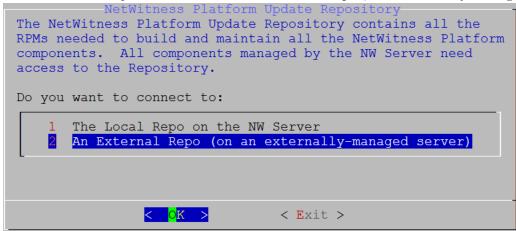
7. Type in the **Password**, down arrow to **Verify**, retype the password, tab to **OK**, and press **Enter**.



The **Update Repository** prompt is displayed.

You must use the same repo that you used for the NW Server hosts for all hosts.

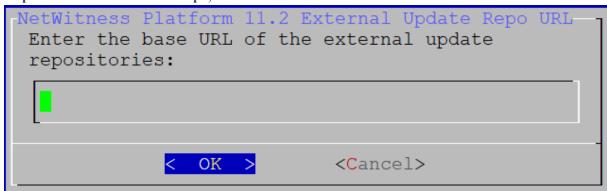
8. Use the down and up arrows to select 2 An External Repo (on an externally-managed server).



The External Update Repo URI prompt is displayed.

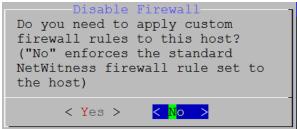
Refer to <u>Appendix D. Create External Repository</u> for instructions. Go to the <u>Master Table of Contents</u> to find all NetWitness Platform Logs & Network 11.x documents.

9. Enter the base URL of the NetWitness Platform external repo (for example, http://testserver/netwitness-repo)and click OK.



The **Disable** or use standard **Firewall** configuration prompt is displayed.

10. Tab to **No** (default), and press **Enter** to use the standard firewall configuration. Tab to **Yes**, and press **Enter** to disable the standard firewall configuration.



• If you select Yes, confirm your selection or No to use the standard firewall configuration.

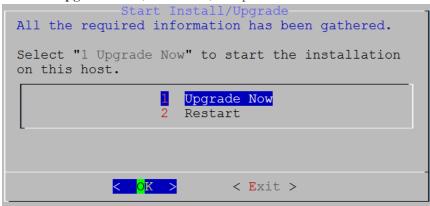
```
Warning: you chose to disable the default NetWitness firewall configuration which means you must set up firewall rules manually.

Select "Yes" to confirm that you will set up firewall rules manually.

< Yes > < No >
```

The **Install** or **Upgrade** prompt is displayed (**Recover** does not apply to the installation. It is for 11.2 Disaster Recovery).

11. Select 1 Upgrade Now, tab to OK, and press Enter.



When **Installation complete** is displayed, you have upgraded the 10.6.6.x SA Server to the 11.2 NW Server.

**Note:** Ignore the hash code errors similar to the errors shown in the following screen shot that are displayed when you initiate the nwsetup-tui command. Yum does not use MD5 for any security operations so they do not affect the system security.

12. Complete the NW Server before you upgrade any of the non-SA Server hosts to 11.2.

## Set Up 11.2 Non-NW Server Host

Make sure that you Back up your 10.6.6.x data for the host. You must follow the instructions in Backup Instructions to back up the host.

**Caution:** Run the backup immediately before upgrading the host to 11.2 so that the data is as recent as possible.

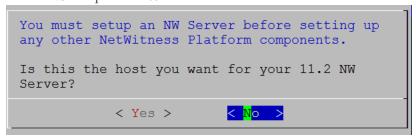
Complete the following steps to set up an 11.2 Non-NW Server host.

- 1. Log in to 11.2 non-NW Server VM console and run the nwsetup-tui command. This initiates the Setup program and the EULA is displayed.
- 2. Tab to **Accept** and press **Enter**.

The Is this the host you want for your 11.2 NW Server prompt is displayed.

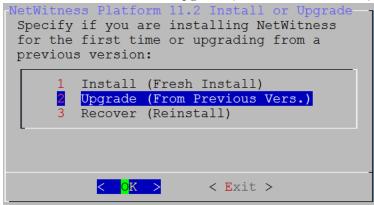
**Caution:** If you choose the wrong the host for the NW Server and complete the upgrade, you must repeat steps 1 through 11 of Set Up 11.2 NW Server Host to correct this error.

3. Tab to **No** and press **Enter**.



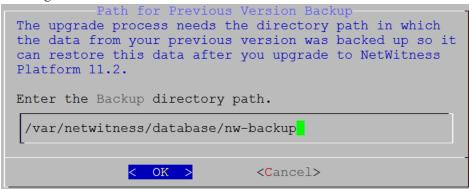
The **Install** or **Upgrade** prompt is displayed (**Recover** does not apply to the installation. It is for 11.2 Disaster Recovery).

4. Use down arrow to select 2 Upgrade (From Previous Vers.), tab to OK, and press Enter.



The Backup path prompt is displayed.

5. Tab to **OK** and press **Enter** if want to keep this path. If not, edit the path, tab to **OK** and press **Enter** to change it.



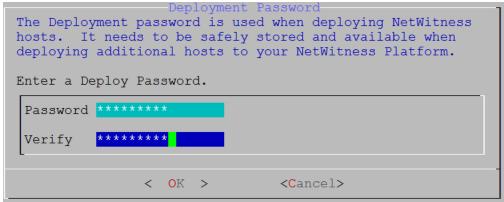
This table lists the backup and restore paths by host/service.

Host	Backup Path	Restore Path
Malware	/var/lib/rsamlware/nw-backup	/var/netwitness/malware_ analytics_server/nw- backup/restore
Event Stream Analysis	/opt/rsa/database/nw-backup	/var/netwitness/database/nw-backup/restore
NW Server	<pre>/var/netwitness/database/nw- backup</pre>	/var/netwitness/restore
All Other Hosts	/var/netwitness/database/nw-backup	/var/netwitness/database/nw-backup/restore

The **Deployment Password** prompt is displayed.

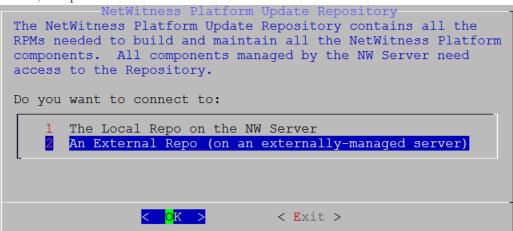
**Note:** You must use the same deployment password that you used when you upgraded the NW Server.





The **Update Repository** prompt is displayed.

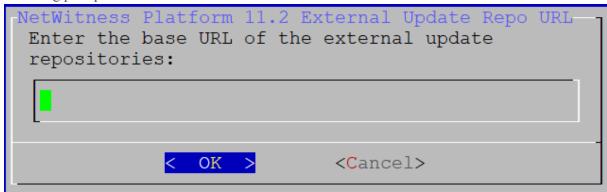
7. Use the down and up arrows to select 2 An External Repo (on an externally-managed server), tab to OK, and press Enter.



The External Update Repo URL prompt is displayed.

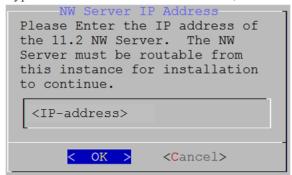
The repositories give you access RSA updates and CentOS updates.

8. Enter the base URL of the NetWitness Platform external repo (for example, http://testserver/netwitness-repo)and click OK. Refer to Appendix D. Create External Repository for instructions on how to create this repo and its external repo URL so you can enter it in the following prompt.



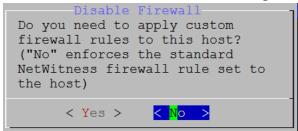
The NW Server IP Address is displayed.

9. Type the IP address of the NW Server, tab to **OK**, and press **Enter**.

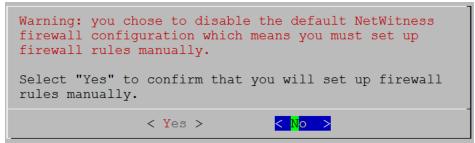


The **Disable** or use standard **Firewall** configuration prompt is displayed.

10. Tab to **No** (default), and press Enter to use the standard firewall configuration. Tab to **Yes**, and press **Enter** to disable the standard firewall configuration.



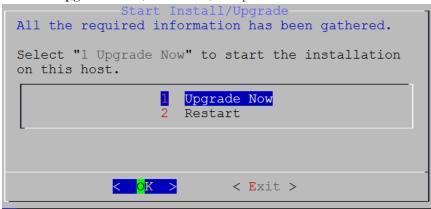
• If you select Yes, confirm your selection.



• If you select No, the standard firewall configuration is applied.

The **Install** or **Upgrade** prompt is displayed (**Recover** does not apply to the installation. It is for 11.2 Disaster Recovery).

11. Select 1 **Upgrade Now**, tab to **OK**, and press **Enter**.

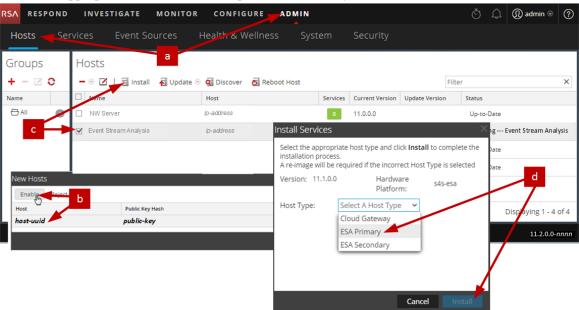


When **Installation complete** is displayed, you have upgraded the host to the 11.2.

- 12. Install the service on this host:
  - a. Log into NetWitness Platform and click ADMIN > Hosts.
     The New Hosts dialog is displayed with the Hosts view grayed out in the background.

Note: If the New Hosts dialog is not displayed, click Discover in the Hosts view toolbar.

- b. Click on the host in the New Hosts dialog and click Enable.
   The New Hosts dialog closes and the host is displayed in the Hosts view.
- c. Select that host in the **Hosts** view (for example, **Event Stream Analysis**) and click **♣ Install ⊙** The **Install Services** dialog is displayed.
- d. Select the appropriate service (for example, ESA Primary) and click Install.



You have completed the upgrade of the non-NW Server host in NetWitness Platform

**Note:** When you upgrade a Respond host from 10.6.6.x to 11.2, it takes a period of time for Respond to come back online. This is caused by Respond indexing data while it is restored. The size of the data in the Mongo database will determine the time.

# **Update or Install Legacy Windows Collection**

Refer to the RSA NetWitness Legacy Windows Collection Guide. Go to the Master Table of Contents to find all NetWitness Platform Logs & Network 11.x documents.

**Note:** After you update or install Legacy Windows Collection, reboot the system to ensure that Log Collection functions correctly.

# **Post Upgrade Tasks**

This topic contains the tasks you must complete after you upgrade your hosts from 10.6.6.x to 11.2. These tasks are organized by the following categories.

- General
- NW Server
- RSA NetWitness® Endpoint
- RSA NetWitness® Endpoint Insights
- Event Stream Analysis
- Investigate
- Log Collection
- Decoder and Log Decoder
- Reporting Engine
- Respond
- RSA Archer® Cyber Incident & Breach Response
- User and Entity Behavior Analytics (UEBA)
- Backup

#### General

## Task 1 - Make Sure Port 15671 Is Configured Correctly

**Port 15671** is new in 11.x, but you do not need to open a firewall for this port. Make sure that 15671, and all ports, are configured as shown in the "Network Architecture and Ports" topic in the *RSA NetWitness*® *Platform Deployment Guide*. Go to the Master Table of Contents to find all NetWitness Platform Logs & Network 11.x documents.

### (Conditional) Task 2 - Restore Custom Analysts Roles

If you had custom analyst roles in 10.6.6.x, you must reinstate them in 11.2. See "Add a Role and Assign Permissions" in the *RSA NetWitness PlatformSystem Security and User Management Guide*. Go to the Master Table of Contents to find all NetWitness Platform Logs & Network 11.x documents.

#### **NW Server**

### **Task 3 - Migrate Active Directory (AD)**

The first time you log into the NetWitness Platform 11.2 User Interface, you must click on the Migrate button to complete the migration of AD.

- 1. Log in to NetWitness Platform 11.2 with your admin user credentials.
- 2. In the **NetWitness Platform** 11.2 menu, select **ADMIN** > **SECURITY** and click the **Settings** tab. The following dialog is displayed.

## External Authentication Migration

10.6.x authentication providers and external role mappings are not migrated. To migrate these settings click on Migrate button.



3. Click Migrate.

The migration is complete and the dialog closes.

### Task 4 - Modify Migrated AD Configuration to Upload Certificate

If you authenticated through Active Directory (AD) server, and enabled SSL for the AD connection in 10.6.6.x, you must modify the migrated AD configuration to upload the Active Directory server certificate.

Complete the following procedure to modify the migrated AD configuration to upload the certificate.

- 1. In the NetWitness Platform 11.2 menu, select ADMIN > Security and click the Settings tab.
- 2. Under **Active Directory Settings**, select an AD configuration and click . The Edit Configuration dialog is displayed.
- 3. Go to the Certificate File field, click Browse, and select a certificate from your network.
- 4. Click Save.

## Task 5 - Reconfigure Pluggable Authentication Module (PAM) in 11.2

You must reconfigure PAM after you upgrade to 11.2. See "Configure PAM Login Capability" in the *RSA NetWitness*® *Platform System Security and User Management Guide* for instructions. Go to the Master Table of Contents to find all NetWitness Platform Logs & Network 11.x documents.

You can refer to your 10.6.6.x PAM configuration files in the /etc directory in the your 10.6.6.x backup data for guidance.

#### Task 6 - Restore NTP Servers

You must use the NetWitness Platform 11.2 user interface to restore NTP server configurations. NTP server configuration information is located in \$BUPATH/restore/etc/ntp.conf. Use the NTP server name and hostname from the /var/netwitness/restore/etc/ntp.conf file. See "Configure NTP Servers" in the RSA NetWitness® Platform System Configuration Guide for detailed instructions on how to add NTP servers. Go to the Master Table of Contents to find all NetWitness Platform Logs & Network 11.x documents.

# Task 7 - Restore Licenses for Environments without FlexNet Operations-On Demand Access

If your environment does not have access to FlexNet Operations-On Demand, you need to re-download your NetWitness Platform licenses. Refer to "Step 1. Register the NetWitness Server" in the *RSA NetWitness Platform Licensing Management Guide* for instructions on how to re-download licenses. Go to the Master Table of Contents to find all NetWitness Platform Logs & Network 11.x documents.

### Task 8 - Remap Virtual NW Server License to 10.6.6.x MAC Address

If you are upgrading a Security Analytics server running on a virtual machine, change the 11.2 NW Server virtual host to the 10.6.6.x MAC address to retain licensing. Refer to "Licensing: Step 1. Register the NetWitness Server" in the *RSA NetWitness Platform Licensing Management Guide* for instructions on remapping a license to a new MAC address." Go to the Master Table of Contents to find all NetWitness Platform Logs & Network 11.x documents.

# (Conditional) Task 9 - If You Disabled Standard Firewall Config - Add Custom IPtables

During the upgrade, you have the option of using these rules or disabling them. If you disabled them, follow these instructions as a baseline to create a user-managed firewall rule sets on all the hosts for which you disabled the standard firewall configuration.

Note: You can refer to the \$BUPATH/restore/etc/sysconfig/iptables and \$BUPATH/restore/etc/sysconfig/ip6tables in the restore folder of the backup to update the ip6tables and iptables files. The /etc/netwitness/firewall.cfg file contains the standard iptables firewall rules.

- 1. SSH to each host and log in with your root credentials.
- 2. Update the following ip6tables and iptables files with the custom firewall rules. /etc/sysconfig/iptables /etc/sysconfig/ip6tables
- 3. Reload the iptables and ip6tables services. service iptables reload

service ip6tables reload

# (Conditional) Task 10 - Specify SSL Ports If You Never Set Up Trusted Connections

Complete this task only if you never set up Trusted Connections. You would not have set up Trusted Connections if you:

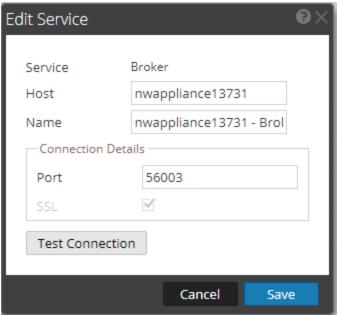
- Used the base ISO image for 10.3.2 or earlier.
- Updated the system using RPMs exclusively to get to 10.6.6.

NetWitness Platform 11.2 cannot communicate with the core services for these customers because they are using a non-SSL port 500XX. You must update the Core service ports to an SSL port in the Edit Service dialog.

- 1. In the NetWitness Platform 11.2 menu, select ADMIN > Services.
- 2. Select each core service and change there ports from Non-SSL to SSL ports.

Service	Non-SSL	SSL
Broker	50003	56003
Concentrator	50005	56005
Decoder	50004	56004
Log Decoder	50002	56002

- 3. Click (Edit) from the Services view toolbar. The Edit Service dialog is displayed.
- 4. Change the port from Non-SSL to SSL as shown in the table and click **Save** (for example, change the Broker port from 50003 to 56003).



# Task 11 - (Conditional) Correct Audit Log Templates That Are Not Updated in Logstash Output Conf File

**Problem:** When a user updates from 10.6.6 to 11.2 and 11.0.0.0 to 11.2, if they have a global auditing set up, audit log templates are not getting updated in Logstash output conf file.

**Workaround:** If global auditing is configured, you need to edit one of the syslog entries in the Global notifications servers and click save to apply the latest Audit log configuration.

If you had global auditing configured in 11.0.x, you must complete the following procedure to apply the latest Global Auditing configuration.

- 1. In the NetWitness Platform 11.2 menu, select ADMIN > System > Global Notifications. The Global Notifications view is displayed.
- 2. Click the **Servers** tab, select any syslog server.
- 3. Click (edit icon) and click Save.

# **RSA NetWitness® Endpoint**

### Task 12 - Reconfigure Endpoint Alerts Via Message Bus

1. On the NetWitness Endpoint Server, modify the virtual host configuration in the C:\Program Files\RSA\ECAT\Server\ConsoleServer.exe file to reflect the following configuration. <add key="IMVirtualHost" value="/rsa/system" />

**Note:** In NetWitness Platform 11.2, the virtual host is /rsa/system. For 10.6.6.x and earlier versions, the virtual host is /rsa/sa.

- 2. Restart the API Server and Console Server.
- 3. SSH to the NW Server and log in with root credentials.
- 4. Submit the following command to add all certificates to the truststore. orchestration-cli-client --update-admin-node
- 5. Submit the following command to restart the RabbitMQ server.

  systemctl restart rabbitmq-server
  - The NetWitness Endpoint account should automatically be available on RabbitMQ.
- 6. Import the /etc/pki/nw/ca/nwca-cert.pem and /etc/pki/nw/ca/ssca-cert.pem files from the NW Server and add them to the Trusted Root Certification stores in the Endpoint Server.

# Task 13 - Reconfigure Recurring Feed Configured from Legacy Endpoint Because Java Version Changed

You must reconfigure the Legacy Endpoint recurring feed due to the change in Java version. Complete the following step to fix this problem.

Import the NetWitness Endpoint CA certificate into the NetWitness Platform Trusted store as
described in "Export the NetWitness Endpoint SSL Certificate" under the "Configure Contextual
Data from Endpoint via Recurring Feed" topic in the RSA NetWitness Endpoint Integration Guide to
import the certificate.

Go to the Master Table of Contents to find all NetWitness Platform Logs & Network 11.x documents.

# **RSA NetWitness® Endpoint Insights**

### (Optional) Task 14 - Install Endpoint Hybrid or Endpoint Log Hybrid

See:

RSA NetWitness Platform 11.2 Physical Host Installation Guide for instructions for installation on a physical host.

RSA NetWitness Platform 11.2 Virtual Host Installation Guide for instructions for installation on a virtual host.

# **Event Stream Analysis Tasks (ESA)**

### Task 15 - Reconfigure Automated Threat Detection for ESA

If you used Automated Threat Detection in 10.6.6.x, you must complete the following steps to reconfigure it using the ESA Analytics service in 11.2.

- In the NetWitness Platform 11.2 menu, select ADMIN > System > ESA Analytics.
   The Suspicious Domains modules, Command and Control (C2) for Network data and C2 for Logs, require a whitelist named "domains\_whitelist".
- 2. Conditional If your previous Automated Threat Detection whitelist appears on the **Lists** tab of the Context Hub service:
  - a. Click **ADMIN** > **Services**, select the Context Hub service, in the action commands (drop-down menu, click **View** > **Config** > **Lists** tab).
  - b. Rename your old Automated Threat Detection whitelist to "domains\_whitelist" for the Suspicious Domains module.

For more information, see the *NetWitness Platform Automated Threat Detection Guide* and the "Configure ESA Analytics" section of the *NetWitness Platform ESA Configuration Guide*. Go to the Master Table of Contents to find all NetWitness Platform Logs & Network 11.x documents.

## Task 16 - For Integrations with Web Threat Detection, Archer Cyber Incident & Breach Response or NetWitness Endpoint Configure Mutually Authenticated SSL

If you integrate with Web Threat Detection, Archer Cyber Incident & Breach Response or NetWitness Endpoint, you must configure Mutually Authenticated SSL on each integrated system so that the application can authenticate itself when connecting to the RabbitMQ message bus.

**Note:** Use the RabbitMQ usernames and passwords that were obtained when you backed up your 10.6.6.x data (see <u>Backup Instructions</u>).

1. Create a user on the host system that is integrating with NetWitness Platform by logging into the host and running the following rabbitmqctl command.

```
> rabbitmqctl add_user <username> <password>
For example:
> rabbitmqctl add_user wtd-incidents incidents
```

#### Task 17 - Enable Threat - Malware Indicators Dashboard

In 11.2.0, the 10.6.6.x **Threat -Indicators Dashboard** was renamed to **Threat - Malware Indicators Dashboard**. If you used this dashboard in 10.6.6.x, you must:

- 1. Enable the **Threat Malware Indicators Dashboard** in 11.2.
- Set datasource for new dashlets.
   See "Dashlets" in RSA Link (https://community.rsa.com/docs/DOC-81463) for a description of Dashlets in the context of NetWitness Platform.

#### Investigate

## Task 18 - Make Sure Customized User Roles Have Investigate-server Permissions for Event Analysis Access

After you upgrade to 11.2.0.0, any customized user role does not have investigate-server.\* permission enabled by default. Complete the following procedure to make sure that the appropriate user roles have permission to access Event Analysis.

- 1. Log in to NetWitness Platform 11.2.0.0 with your Admin user credentials and go to ADMIN > Security.
- 2. Click the Roles tab.
- 3. Select the roles that need investigate-server.\* permissions and click (Edit icon).
- 4. Select the **Investigate-server** tab under under **Permissions**.

5. If the **investigate-server** checkbox is not set, set it for the users that require Event Analysis access. **Permissions** 



6. Click Save.

#### **Log Collection**

#### Task 19 - Reset Stable System Values for Log Collector after Upgrade

Complete the following tasks to reset stable system values for the Log Collector after you upgrade it to 11.2 to ensure that all collection protocols resume normal operation.

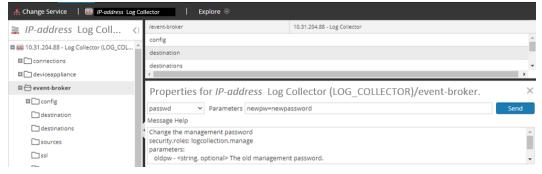
#### Reset Stable System Values for the Lockbox

The Lockbox stores the key for encrypting event source and other passwords for the Log Collector. The Log Collector service cannot open the Lockbox because of the stable system value changes. As a result, you must Reset Stable System Values for the Lockbox . See "Log Collection: Step 3. Set Up a Lockbox" in the RSA NetWitness® PlatformLog Collection Configuration Guide for instructions. Go to the Master Table of Contents to find all NetWitness Platform Logs & Network 11.x documents.

#### Update Log Collector Service RabbitMQ User Account Password

If the logcollector service RabbitMQ user account password was changed, you must reenter it after the 11.2 upgrade.

- 1. In the NetWitness Platform 11.2 menu, select ADMIN > Services.
- 2. Select the Log Collector service.
- 3. Click (Actions) > View > Explore.
- 4. Right click event-broker > Properties.
- 5. Select passwd from the drop-down list, enter newpw=><newpassword> in Parameters (where <newpassword> is the RabbitMQ user account password), and click **Send**.



## (Optional for Upgrades from 10.6.6.x with FIPS enabled for Log Collectors, Log Decoders and Network Decoders)

#### Task 20 - Enable FIPS Mode

FIPS is enabled on all services except Log Collector, Log Decoder, and Decoder. FIPS cannot be disabled on any services except Log Collector, Log Decoder, and Decoder. For information about how to enable FIPS for these services, see the "Sys Maintenance: Activate or Deactivate FIPS" topic in the *RSA NetWitness*® *PlatformSystem Maintenance Guide*. Go to the Master Table of Contents to find all NetWitness Platform Logs & Network 11.x documents.

#### **Decoder and Log Decoder**

#### (Conditional) Task 21 - Enable Metadata for GeoIP2 Parser

By default, the GeoIP2 parser generates less metadata than the GeoIP parser did. After updating to 11.2, if you require any of the additional metadata, you must enable them (once only) for each Decoder. This can also be altered post-upgrade. Keep in mind that the isp and org meta fields usually produce an equivalent value to domain.

To enable metadata:

- 1. Go to **ADMIN** > **Services**.
- 2. In the **Administration services** view, select a Log Decoder or a Decoder.
- 3. Click the settings icon ( ) and select View > Config. The Parsers Configuration panel is displayed, from which you can select GeoIP2 to enable the desired metadata.

For more information about GeoIP2 parsers, see the "GeoIP2 and GeoIP Parsers" topic in the *Decoder* and Log Decoder Configuration Guide.

#### **Reporting Engine**

## Task 22 - Restore the CA certificates for External Syslog Servers for Reporting Engine

You must restore CA certificates after the upgrade from the back up you made prior to the upgrade. The Backup script backs up the 10.6.6.x CA certificates into the /usr/lib/jvm/java-1.8.0-openjdk-1.8.0.111-0.b15.e16\_8.x86\_64/jre/lib/security/cacerts directory.

Complete the following procedure to restore the CA certificates in 11.2.

- 1. SSH to the NW Server host.
- 2. Export the CA certificates.
   keytool -export -alias <alias\_name> -keystorepath\_to\_keystore\_file -rfc file path to certificate file
- 3. Copy the CA pem into /etc/pki/nw/trust/import directory.

#### (Conditional) Task 23 - Restore External Storage for Reporting Engine

If you have external storage for the Reporting Engine (such as SAN or NAS for storing reports), you must restore the mount you unlinked before the upgrade. See "Reporting Engine: Add Additional Space for Large Reports" in the *RSA NetWitness® Platform Reporting Engine Configuration Guide* for instructions. Go to the Master Table of Contents to find all NetWitness Platform Logs & Network 11.x documents.

#### Respond

#### Task 24 - Restore Respond Service Custom Keys

In 10.6.6.x, if you added custom key for use in the **groupBy** clause, the alert\_rules.json file was modified. The alert\_rules.json file contains aggregation rule schema. RSA moved the alert\_rules.json file to the following new location: /var/lib/netwitness/respond-server/scripts

- 1. Copy the custom keys from /opt/rsa/im/fields/alert\_rules.json file in the backup directory.
  - This directory is where the alert rules.json file is restored from the 10.6.6.x backup.
- 2. Go to the /var/lib/netwitness/respond-server/data/aggregation\_rule\_schema.json in 11.2.
  - This is the new file for 11.2.
- 3. Edit the /var/lib/netwitness/respond-server/data/aggregation\_rule\_schema.json to include the custom keys you copied in step one.

#### Task 25 - Restore Customized Respond Service Normalization Scripts

RSA re-factored the Respond service normalization scripts in 11.2 and moved them to the following new location:

/var/lib/netwitness/respond-server/scripts If you customized these scripts in 10.6.6.x, you must:

1. Go to the to the /opt/rsa/im/scripts directory.

This directory is where the following Respond service normalization scripts are restored from the 10.6.6.x backup.

```
data_privacy_map.js
normalize_alerts.js
normalize_core_alerts.js
normalize_ecat_alerts.js
normalize_ma_alerts.js
normalize_wtd_alerts.js
utils.js
```

- 2. Copy any custom logic from the 10.6.6.x scripts.
- 3. Go to the /var/lib/netwitness/respond-server/scripts directory. This directory is where NetWitness Platform 11.2 stores the re-factored scripts.
- 4. Edit the new scripts to include the custom logic you copied in step 2 from the 10.6.6.x scripts.
- 5. Copy any custom logic from /opt/rsa/im/fields/alert\_rules.json file. The alert rules.json file contains aggregation rule schema.

#### Task 26 - Add Respond Notification Settings for Custom Roles

Respond Notification Setting permissions enable Respond Administrators, Data Privacy Officers, and SOC Managers to access Respond Notification Settings (CONFIGURE > Respond Notifications), which enable them to send email notifications when incidents are created or updated.

To access these settings, you will need to add additional permissions to your existing built-in NetWitness Platform user roles. You will also need to add permissions to your custom roles. See the "Respond Notification Settings Permissions" topic in the *NetWitness Respond Configuration Guide*. For detailed information about user permissions, see the *System Security and User Management Guide*. Go to the Master Table of Contents to find all NetWitness Platform Logs & Network 11.x documents.

#### **Task 27 - Manually Configure Respond Notification Settings**

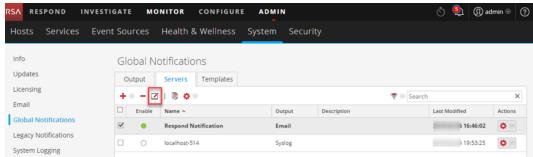
The Incident Management notification settings in NetWitness Platform 10.6.6.x to 11.2 are different from the Respond notification settings available in 11.2, so your existing 10.6.6.x to 11.2 settings will not migrate to 11.2.

NetWitness Respond notification settings enable email notifications to be sent to SOC Managers and the Analyst assigned to an incident when an incident is created or updated.

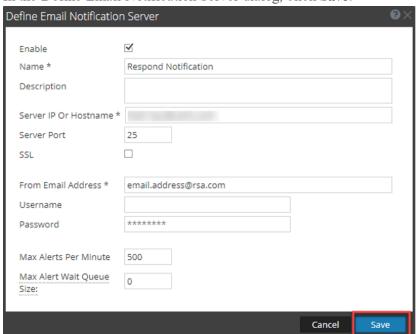
To manually configure the Respond Notification Settings, go to **CONFIGURE** > **Respond Notifications.** See the "Configure Respond Email Notification Settings" procedure in the *NetWitness Respond Configuration Guide*.

Notification Servers from 10.6.6.x to 11.2 will not display in the Email Server drop-down list. The email servers must be edited and saved in the Global Notification Servers panel (**ADMIN** > **System** > **Global Notifications** > **Server** tab).

- 1. In the NetWitness Platform 11.2 menu, select ADMIN > System > Global Notifications > Server tab.
- 2. Go to **CONFIGURE** > **Respond Notifications**. The Respond Notifications Settings view is displayed.
- 3. Notice that the email notification servers do not appear in the EMAIL SERVER drop-down list.
- 4. Click the Email Server Settings link. You will see the Global Notifications panel.
- 5. Click the Servers tab.
- 6. For each of your email notification servers:
  - a. Select the Email notification server and click .



b. In the Define Email Notification Server dialog, click Save.



7. Go back to **CONFIGURE** > **Respond Notifications**. Your servers will appear in the **EMAIL SERVER** drop-down list.

Custom Incident Management notification templates cannot be migrated to 11.2. No custom templates are supported in 11.2.

#### Task 28 - Update Default Incident Rule Group By Values

Four of the default incident rules now use "Source IP Address" as the Group By value. To update the default rules, change the Group By value of the following default rules to "Source IP Address":

- High Risk Alerts: Reporting Engine
- High Risk Alerts: Malware Analysis
- High Risk Alerts: NetWitness Endpoint
- High Risk Alerts: ESA
- 1. Go to **CONFIGURE** > **Incident Rules** and click the link in the **Name** column for the rule that you want to update. The Incident Rule Details view is displayed.
- 2. In the **Group By** field, select the new Group By value.
- 3. Click **Save** to update the rule.

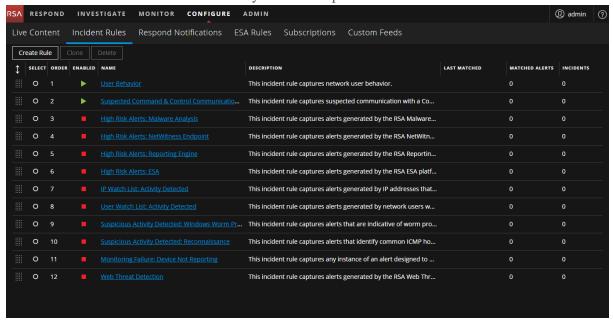
#### Task 29 - Add Group By Field to Incident Rules

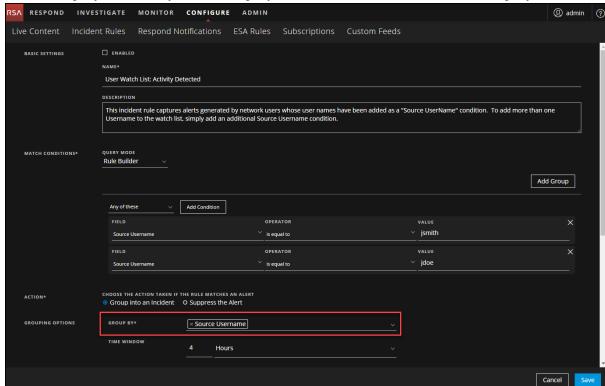
The Group By field is not required in 10.6.6, but it is required in 11.2. After you upgrade to

11.2, some incident rules will not have a **Group By** field, so you must add them to the rules or the rules will not work and they will not create incidents.

Complete the following steps for each incident rule:

1. In the **NetWitness Platform** 11.2 menu, select Go to **CONFIGURE** > **Incident Rules** and click the link in the Name column for the rule that you want to update.





2. In the Group By field, verify that a Group By value is selected. If not, select a Group By value.

3. Click **Save** to update the rule.

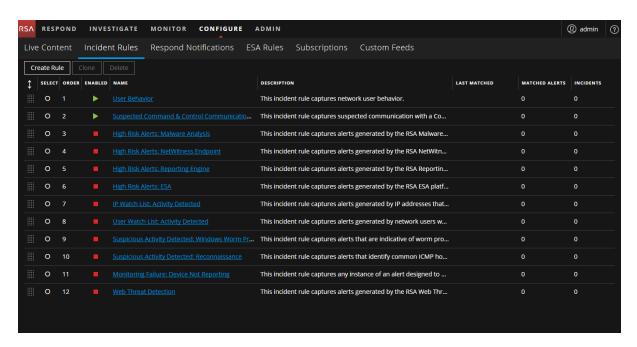
For information about incident rules, see the *NetWitness Respond Configuration Guide*. Go to the Master Table of Contents to find all NetWitness Platform Logs & Network 11.x documents.

## Task 30 - Update Incident Rules Identified in the Domain in the Matching Conditions Upgrade Preparation Task

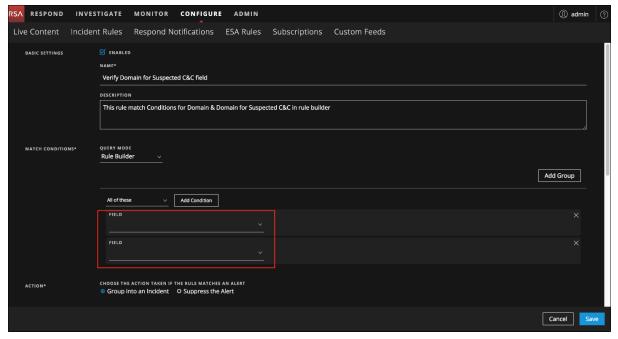
Modify the incident rules that you identified in the <u>Task 5 - Check Aggregation Rules Match Conditions</u> for "Domain" or "Domain for Suspected C&C" upgrade preparation task, which contained Domain or Domain for Suspected C&C in the matching conditions in rule builder.

For each rule that you previously identified:

1. In the **NetWitness Platform** 11.2 menu, select **CONFIGURE** > **Incident Rules** and click the link in the Name column for the rule that you want to update.



2. In the **Match Conditions** section, in the blank fields, select **Domain** and **Domain for Suspected CC** in the drop-down list and then select the conditions that you previously identified in the pre-upgrade tasks.



3. Click **Save** to update the rule. For information about incident rules, see the *NetWitness Respond Configuration Guide*. Go to the Master Table of Contents to find all NetWitness Platform Logs & Network 11.x documents.

#### **RSA Archer® Cyber Incident & Breach Response**

#### Task 31 - Reconfigure Archer® Cyber Incident & Breach Response Integration

For information on how to reconfigure Archer® Cyber Incident & Breach Response for Event Stream Analysis, Reporting Engine, and Respond, see *RSA Archer Integration Guide*. Go to the Master Table of Contents to find all NetWitness Platform Logs & Network 11.x documents.

#### **User and Entity Behavior Analytics (UEBA)**

#### (Optional) Task 32 - Install UEBA

UEBA is new a new feature as of NetWitness Platform 11.2.

See

RSA NetWitness Platform 11.2 Physical Host Installation Guide for instructions for installation on a physical host.

RSA NetWitness Platform 11.2 Virtual Host Installation Guide for instructions for installation on a virtual host.

Go to the Master Table of Contents to find all NetWitness Platform Logs & Network 11.x documents.

#### **Backup**

#### Task 33 - Remove Backup-Related Files from Host Local Directories

**Caution:** 1) You must retain a copy of all backup files on an external host. 2) Validate that you have all your data from your backup restored in 11.2 before you remove the backup-related files from the local directories on your 11.2 hosts.

#### Backup .tar Files

After all the hosts are upgraded to 11.2, you must remove:

- the backup files from the local directories on the hosts.
- all the files from nw-backup and restore directories on the hosts.

Host	Backup Path	Restore Path
Malware	/var/lib/rsamlware/nw-backup	<pre>/var/netwitness/malware_analytics_ server/nw-backup/restore</pre>
Event Stream Analysis	/opt/rsa/database/nw-backup	/var/netwitness/database/nw-backup/restore
NW Server	/var/netwitness/database/nw-backup	/var/netwitness/restore

Host	Backup Path	Restore Path
All Other Hosts	/var/netwitness/database/nw-backup	<pre>/var/netwitness/database/nw- backup/restore</pre>

## **Appendix A. Troubleshooting**

This section describes solutions to problems that you may encounter during installations and upgrades. In most cases, NetWitness Platform creates log messages when it encounters these problems.

**Note:** If you cannot resolve an upgrade issue using the following troubleshooting solutions, contact Customer Support (https://community.rsa.com/docs/DOC-1294).

This section has troubleshooting documentation for the following services, features, and processes.

- Command Line Interface (CLI)
- Backup Script
- Event Stream Analysis
- Log Collector Service (nwlogcollector)
- Orchestration
- NW Server
- Reporting Engine
- NetWitness UEBA

## **Command Line Interface (CLI)**

	Command Line Interface (CLI) displays: "Orchestration failed."		
Error Message	Mixlib::ShellOut::ShellCommandFailed: Command execution failed. STDOUT/STDERR suppressed for sensitive resource in/var/log/netwitness/config-management/chef-solo.log		
Cause	Entered the wrong deploy_admin password in nwsetup-tui.		
	Retrieve your deploy_admin password password.		
Solution	1. SSH to the NW Server host. security-cli-clientget-config-propprop-hierarchy		
	nw.security-clientprop-name deployment.password SSH to the host that failed.		
	2. Run the nwsetup-tui again using correct deploy_admin password.		

Error Message	ERROR com.rsa.smc.sa.admin.web.controller.ajax.health. AlarmsController - Cannot connect to System Management Service
Cause	NetWitness Platform sees the Service Management Service (SMS) as down after successful upgrade even though the service is running.
Solution	Restart SMS service. systemctl restart rsa-sms

Error	You receive a message in the User Interface to reboot the host after you update and reboot the host offline.		
Message	SA Server	8 version-number	Reboot Host
Cause	You cannot use CLI to reboot the host. You must use the User Interface.		
Solution	Reboot the host in the Host View in the User Interface.		

## Backup (nw-backup script)

Error Message	WARNING: Incorrect ESA Mongo admin password for host <hostname>.</hostname>
Cause	ESA Mongo admin password contains special characters (for example, '!@#\$%^qwerty').
Solution	Change the ESA Mongo admin password back to the original default of 'netwitness' before running backup.

Error	Backup errors caused by the immutable attribute setting. Here is an example of an error that can be displayed:  Backing up NetWitness Config (/etc/netwitness) files from: saserverl WARNING: Errors occurred while backing up NetWitness Configuration files. Verify contents of saserverl-192.168.2.102-etc-netwitness.tar.gz Located in /var/netwitness/database/nw-backup/2018-03-01/saserverl-192.168.2.102-backup.tar.gz Backing up SA UI Web Server (/var/lib/netwitness/uax) files from: saserverl
Cause	If you have any files that have the immutable flag set (to keep the Puppet process from overwriting a customized file), the file will not be included in the backup process and an error will be generated.
Solution	On the host that contains the files with the immutable flag set, run the following command to remove the immutable setting from the files: chattr -i <filename></filename>

Error	Error creating Network Configuration Information file due to duplicate or bad entries in primary network configuration file: /etc/sysconfig/network-scripts/ifcfg-em1 Verify contents of /var/netwitness/logdecoder/packetdb/nw-backup/2018-02-23/s5-BROK-36-10.25.53.36-network.info.txt
Cause	There are incorrect or duplicate entries for any one of the following fields: DEVICE, BOOTPROTO, IPADDR, NETMASK or GATEWAY, that were found from reading the primary Ethernet interface configuration file from the host being backed up.
	Manually create a file at the backup location on the external backup server, as well as the backup location local to the host where other backups have been staged. The file name should be of the format <hostname>-<hostip>-network.info.txt, and should contain the following entries:  DEVICE=<devicename> ; # from the host's primary ethernet interface config file</devicename></hostip></hostname>
	BOOTPROTO= <bootprotocol> ; # from the host's primary ethernet interface config file</bootprotocol>
Solution	<pre>IPADDR=<value> ; # from the host's primary ethernet interface config file</value></pre>
	<pre>NETMASK=<value> ; # from the host's primary ethernet interface config file</value></pre>
	GATEWAY= <value> ; # from the host's primary ethernet interface config file</value>
	search <value> ; # from the host's /etc/resolv.conf file</value>
	nameserver <value> ; # from the host's /etc/resolv.conf file</value>

## **Event Stream Analysis**

Problem	ESA service crashes after you upgrade to 11.2.0.0 from a FIPS enabled setup.	
Cause	ESA service is pointing to an invalid keystore.	
	1.	SSH to the ESA Primary host and log in.
	2.	In the /opt/rsa/esa/conf/wrapper.conf file, replace the following line: wrapper.java.additional.5=-
Solution		<pre>Djavax.net.ssl.keyStore=/opt/rsa/esa//carlos/keystore with:</pre>
		wrapper.java.additional.5=-
		Djavax.net.ssl.keyStore=/opt/rsa/carlos/keystore
	3.	Submit the following command to restart ESA.
		systemctl restart rsa-nw-esa-server
		<b>Note:</b> If you have multiple ESA hosts and you encounter that same problem, repeat steps 1 through 3 inclusive on each secondary ESA host.

### Log Collector Service (nwlogcollector)

Log Collector logs are posted to  $\vor/\log/\install/nw\log\collector\_\install.log$  on the host running the  $\nw\log\collector$  service.

Error Message	<pre><timestamp>.NwLogCollector_PostInstall: Lockbox Status : Failed to open lockbox: The lockbox stable value threshold was not met because the system fingerprint has changed. To reset the system fingerprint, open the lockbox using the passphrase.</timestamp></pre>
Cause	The Log Collector Lockbox failed to open after the update.
Solution	Log in to NetWitness Platform and reset the system fingerprint by resetting the stable system value password for the Lockbox as described in the "Reset the Stable System Value" topic under "Configure Lockbox Security Settings" topic in the Log Collection Configuration Guide. Go to the Master Table of Contents to find all NetWitness Platform Logs & Network 11.x documents.

Error Message	<pre><timestamp> NwLogCollector_PostInstall: Lockbox Status : Not Found</timestamp></pre>
Cause	The Log Collector Lockbox is not configured after the update.
Solution	If you use a Log Collector Lockbox, log in to NetWitness Platform and configure the Lockbox as described in the "Configure Lockbox Security Settings" topic in the Log Collection Configuration Guide. Go to the Master Table of Contents to find all NetWitness Platform Logs & Network 11.x documents.

Error Message	<pre><timestamp>: NwLogCollector_PostInstall: Lockbox Status : Lockbox maintenance required: The lockbox stable value threshold requires resetting. To reset the system fingerprint, select Reset Stable System Value on the settings page of the Log Collector.</timestamp></pre>
Cause	You need to reset the stable value threshold field for the Log Collector Lockbox.
Solution	Log in to NetWitness Platform and reset the stable system value password for the Lockbox as described in "Reset the Stable System Value" topic under "Configure Lockbox Security Settings" topic in the <i>Log Collection Configuration Guide</i> . Go to the Master Table of Contents to find all NetWitness Platform Logs & Network 11.x documents.

Problem	You have prepared a Log Collector for upgrade and no longer want to upgrade at this time.				
Cause	Delay in upgrade.				
Solution	Use the following command string to revert a Log Collector that has been prepared for upgrade back to resume normal operation.				
	# /opt/rsa/nwlogcollector/nwtools/prepare-for-migrate.shrevert				

#### **NW Server**

These logs are posted to  $\protect\ensuremath{\text{var/netwitness/uax/logs/sa.log}}$  on the NW Server Host.

	After upgrade, you notice that Audit logs are not getting forwarded to the configured Global Audit Setup;			
Problem	or,			
	The following message seen in the sa.log. Syslog Configuration migration failed. Restart jetty service to fix this issue			
Cause	NW Server Global Audit setup migration failed to migrate from 10.6.6.x to 11.2.0.0.			
	1. SSH to the NW Server.			
Solution	2. Submit the following command.			
	orchestration-cli-clientupdate-admin-node			

#### **Orchestration**

The orchestration server logs are posted to  $\/\$ var/log/netwitness/orchestration-server/orchestration-server.log on the NW Server Host.

	1. Tried to upgrade a non-NW Server host and it failed.				
Problem	2. Retried the upgrade for this host and it failed again.				
	You will see the following message in the orchestration-server.log. "'file' _virtual_ returned False: cannot import name HASHES""				
Cause	Salt minion may have been upgraded and never restarted on failed non-NW Server host				
	1. SSH to the non-NW Server host that failed to upgrade.				
Solution	2. Submit the following commands.  systemctl unmask salt-minion systemctl restart salt-minion				
	3. Retry the upgrade of the non-NW Server host.				

### **Reporting Engine Service**

Reporting Engine Update logs are posted to to/var/log/re\_install.log file on the host running the Reporting Engine service.

Error Message	<pre><timestamp> : Available free space in /var/netwitness/re- server/rsa/soc/reporting-engine [ &gt;<existing-gb <required-gb="" [="" ]="" is="" less="" required="" space="" than="" the=""> ]</existing-gb></timestamp></pre>
Cause	Update of the Reporting Engine failed because you do not have enough disk space.
Solution	Free up the disk space to accommodate the required space shown in the log message. See the "Add Additional Space for Large Reports" topic in the <i>Reporting Engine Configuration Guide</i> for instructions on how to free up disk space. Go to the Master Table of Contents to find all NetWitness Platform Logs & Network 11.x documents.

### **NetWitness UEBA**

Problem	The User Interface is not accessible.				
Cause	You have more than one NetWitness UEBA service existing in your NetWitness deployment and you can only have NetWitness UEBA service in your deployment.				
	Complete the following steps to remove the extra NetWitness UEBA service.				
	<ol> <li>SSH to NW Server and run the following commands to query the list of installed NetWitness UEBA services.</li> <li># orchestration-cli-clientlist-services grep presidio-airflow Service: ID=7e682892-b913-4dee-ac84-ca2438e522bf,</li> <li>NAME=presidio-airflow, HOST=xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx:null, TLS=true Service: ID=3ba35fbe-7220-4e26-a2ad-9e14ab5e9e15,</li> </ol>				
	NAME=presidio-airflow, HOST=xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx:null, TLS=true				
Solution	2. From the list of services, determine which instance of the presidio-airflow service should be removed (by looking at the host addresses).				
	3. Run the following command to remove the extra service from Orchestration (use the matching service ID from the list of services): <pre># orchestration-cli-clientremove-serviceid <id-for-presidio-airflow-form-previous-output></id-for-presidio-airflow-form-previous-output></pre>				
	4. Run the following command to update node 0 to restore NGINX: # orchestration-cli-clientupdate-admin-node				
	5. Log in to NetWitness Platform, go to <b>ADMIN</b> > <b>Hosts</b> , and remove the extra NetWitness UEBA host.				

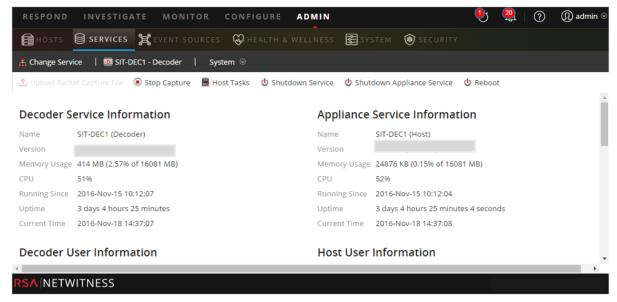
# Appendix B. Stopping and Restarting Data Capture and Aggregation

RSA recommends that you stop network and log capture and aggregation before upgrading a Decoder, Concentrator, and Broker host to 11.2.0.0. If you do this, you must restart network and log capture and aggregation after updating these hosts.

#### **Stop Data Capture and Aggregation**

#### **Stop Network Capture**

- 1. Log in to NetWitness Platform and go to **ADMIN** > **Services**. The Services view is displayed.
- 2. Select each **Decoder** service.

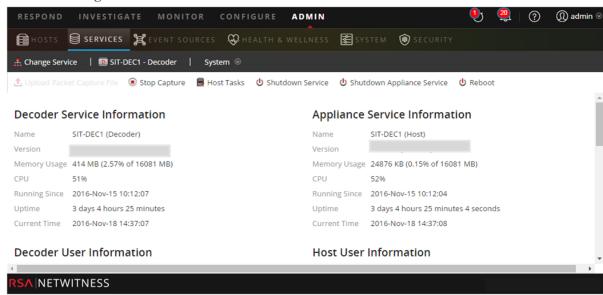


- 3. Under (actions), select View > System.
- 4. In the toolbar, click Stop Capture

#### **Stop Log Capture**

1. Log in to NetWitness Platform and go to **ADMIN** > **Services**. The Services view is displayed.

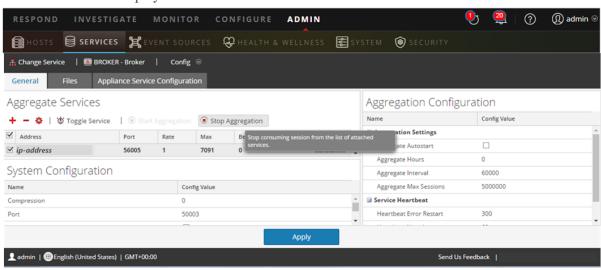
2. Select each Log Decoder service.



- 3. Under (actions), select View > System.
- 4. In the toolbar, click Stop Capture .

#### **Stop Aggregation**

- 1. Log in to NetWitness Platform and go to **ADMIN** > **Services**.
- 2. Select the **Broker** service.
- 3. Under (actions), select View > Config.
- 4. The **General** tab is displayed.



5. Under Aggregated Services click Stop Aggregation

#### **Start Data Capture and Aggregation**

Restart network and log capture and aggregation after updating to 11.2.0.0.

#### **Start Network Capture**

- 1. Log in to **NetWitness Platform** and go to **ADMIN** > **Services**. The Services view is displayed.
- 2. Select each **Decoder** service.
- 3. Under (actions), select View > System.
- 4. In the toolbar, click Start Capture

#### **Start Log Capture**

- 1. Log in to **NetWitness Platform** and go to **ADMIN** > **Services**. The Services view is displayed.
- 2. Select each Log Decoder service.
- 3. Under (actions), select View > System.
- 4. In the toolbar, click Start Capture

#### **Start Aggregation**

- Log in to NetWitness Platform and go to ADMIN > Services.
   The Services view is displayed.
- 2. For each Concentrator and Broker service.
  - a. Select the service.
  - b. Under (actions), select View > Config.

### Appendix C. Using iDRAC

Many customers have remote sites with limited physical access and limited bandwidth from the administrator's desktop. If this the case, you may want to use iDRAC with the ISO Image shared out from an NFS share that is local to the devices being upgraded or installed. This also gives you the ability to use an existing NetWitness device as the sharing host.

#### For example:

- You have a Concentrator and Decoder at a site in a remote geographic location.
- The bandwidth is relatively low to that site from the administrator's site.
- Shipping a USB stick and arranging to have person to go plug it into the boxes while you upgrade is not practical.

In this situation, you can:

- 1. Install the nfs-utils RPM.
- 2. Configure the NFS share.
- 3. Configure iDRAC to connect to that share. Make sure that you update your iDRAC firmware supported Windows and Linux operating systems. Download and run the Dell Update Packages for supported Windows and Linux operating systems from the Dell Support website at <a href="http://www.support.dell.com">http://www.support.dell.com</a>. For more information, see the Dell Update Package User's Guide available on the Dell Support website at <a href="http://topics-">http://topics-</a>
  - cdn.dell.com/pdf/dell-update-packages-v17.10.00 User's%20Guide en-us.pdf.
- 4. Boot to the virtual media that contains the ISO file and continue with the upgrade.

#### **Configure NFS Server - NFS Server config File**

1. Install NFS and its common utilities using yum.

```
yum install nfs-utils
```

2. Configure the NFS service to run at boot.

```
chkconfig nfs on
```

3. Configure the rpcbind service to run at boot.

This service is required by NFS and must be running before NFS can be started. chkconfig rpcbind on

4. Start the rpcbind service.

```
service rpcbind start
```

5. Start the NFS service.

```
service nfs start
```

6. Create a directory for our first export.

```
mkdir /exports/files
```

7. Open the NFS exports file into a text editor.

```
vi /etc/exports
```

8. To export the directory to everyone with read-only access, add the following line.

```
/exports/files *(ro)
```

9. Save your changes and exit the editor.

```
:wq!
```

10. Export the directory defined above.

```
exportfs -a
```

11. Disable firewall rules while performing upgrades.

```
service iptables stop
```

12. Copy install media that contains the ISO file to /exports/files directory.

#### **Boot iDRAC to NFS Configuration**

**Note:** You must verify that the iDRAC firmware is at least 1.57.57 for Series 4 (R620).

- 1. Log in to the iDRAC interface.
- 2. Attach media using Remote File Share.

```
<server ip>:/export/files/11.2.0.0.iso
For example: 10.10.10.10:/exports/files/rsa-11.2.0.0.1948.el7-usb.iso
```

- 3. Click Connect.
- 4. Launch Console.
- 5. From the **next boot** menu, select **Virtual DVD/CD**.
- 6. Reboot the device.

### **Appendix D. Create External Repository**

Complete the following procedure to set up an external repository (Repo).

**Note:** 1.) You need an unzip utility installed on the host to complete this procedure. 2.) You must know how to create a web server before you complete the following procedure.

- 1. Log in to the web server host.
- 2. Create a directory to host the NW repository (netwitness-11.2.0.0.zip), for example ziprepo under web-root of the web server. For example, if /var/netwitness is the web-root, submit the following command string.

```
mkdir -p /var/netwitness/<your-zip-file-repo>
```

- 3. Create the 11.2.0.0 directory under /var/netwitness/<your-zip-file-repo>. mkdir -p /var/netwitness/<your-zip-file-repo>/11.2.0.0
- 4. Create the OS and RSA directories under /var/netwitness/<your-zip-file-repo>/11.2.0.0.

```
mkdir -p /var/netwitness/<your-zip-file-repo>/11.2.0.0/OS
mkdir -p /var/netwitness/<your-zip-file-repo>/11.2.0.0/RSA
```

5. Unzip the netwitness-11.2.0.0.zip file into the /var/netwitness/<your-zip-file-repo>/11.2.0.0 directory.

```
unzip netwitness-11.2.0.0.zip -d /var/netwitness/<your-zip-file-repo>/11.2.0.0
```

Unzipping netwitness-11.2.0.0.zip results in two zip files (OS-11.2.0.0.zip and RSA-11.2.0.0.zip) and some other files.

- 6. Unzip the:
  - a. OS-11.2.0.0.zip into the /var/netwitness/<your-zip-file-repo>/11.2.0.0/OS directory.

```
unzip /var/netwitness/<your-zip-file-repo>/11.2.0.0/OS-11.2.0.0.zip -d
/var/netwitness/<your-zip-file-repo>/11.2.0.0/OS
```

The following example illustrates how the Operating System (OS) file structure will appear after you unzip the file.

Parent Directory	
GeoIP-1.5.0-11.el7.x86_64.rpm	20-Nov-2016 12:49 1.1M
HostAgent-Linux-64-x86-en_US-1.2.25.1.0163-1.x86_64.rpm	03-Oct-2017 10:07 4.6M
Lib_Utils-1.00-09.noarch.rpm	03-Oct-2017 10:05 1.5M
OpenIPMI-libs-2.0.19-15.el7.x86_64.rpm	20-Nov-2016 14:43 502K
OpenIPMI-modalias-2.0.19-15.el7.x86_64.rpm	20-Nov-2016 14:43 15K
PyYAML-3.11-1.el7.x86_64.rpm	19-Dec-2017 12:30 160K
SDL-1.2.15-14.el7.x86_64.rpm	25-Nov-2015 10:39 204K
acl-2.2.51-12.el7.x86_64.rpm	03-Oct-2017 10:04 81K
adobe-source-sans-pro-fonts-2.020-1.el7.noarch.rpm	13-Feb-2018 05:10 706K
alsa-lib-1.1.3-3.el7.x86_64.rpm	10-Aug-2017 10:52 421K
at-3.1.13-22.el7 4.2.x86 64.rpm	25-Jan-2018 17:56 51K
atk-2.22.0-3.el7.x86_64.rpm	10-Aug-2017 10:53 258K
attr-2.4.46-12.el7.x86_64.rpm	03-Oct-2017 10:04 66K

b. RSA-11.2.0.0.zip into the /var/netwitness/<your-zip-file-repo>/11.2.0.0/RSA directory.

unzip /var/netwitness/<your-zip-file-repo>/11.2.0.0/RSA-11.2.0.0.zip -d
/var/netwitness/<your-zip-file-repo>/11.2.0.0/RSA

The following example illustrates how the RSA version update file structure will appear after you unzip the file.

Parent Directory	12
MegaCli-8.02.21-1.noarch.rpm	03-Oct-2017 10:07 1.2M
OpenIPMI-2.0.19-15.el7.x86_64.rpm	03-Oct-2017 10:07 173K
bind-utils-9.9.4-51.el7 4.2.x86_64.rpm	22-Jan-2018 09:03 203K
bzip2-1.0.6-13.el7.x86_64.rpm	03-Oct-2017 10:07 52K
cifs-utils-6.2-10.el7.x86_64.rpm	10-Aug-2017 11:14 85K
device-mapper-multipath-0.4.9-111.el7_4.2.x86_64.rpm	25-Jan-2018 17:56 134K
dnsmasq-2,76-2.el7 4.2.x86 64.rpm	02-Oct-2017 19:36 277K
elasticsearch-5.6.9.rpm	17-Apr-2018 09:37 32M
erlang-19.3-1.el7.centos.x86_64.rpm	03-Oct-2017 10:07 17K
fneserver-4,6,0-2,el7,x86_64.rpm	27-Feb-2018 09:11 1.3M
htop-2.1.0-1.el7.x86_64.rpm	14-Feb-2018 19:23 102K
i40e-zc-2.3.6.12-1dkms.noarch.rpm	04-May-2018 11:08 399K
ipmitool-1.8.18-5.el7.x86_64.rpm	10-Aug-2017 12:41 441K
iptables-services-1.4.21-18.3.el7 4.x86 64.rpm	08-Mar-2018 09:20 51K
ixgbe-zc-5.0.4.12-dkms.noarch.rpm	04-May-2018 11:08 374K

The external URL for the repo is http://<web server IP address>/<your-zip-file-repo>.

7. Use the http://<web server IP address>/<your-zip-file-repo> in response to Enter the base URL of the external update repositories prompt from NW 11.2.0.0 Setup program (nwsetup-tui) prompt.

## **Revision History**

Revision Date		Description	Author
1.0	17-Aug-18	Release to Operations	IDD

Revision History